Bellefonte Republican.

Gen'l James A Beaver Mch 09

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3000 PEOPLE ARE HOMELESS

Nevada Town was Destroyed by Fire on Friday.

SCORE WERE INJURED

Firemen Could Not Control the Flames and Dynamite Was Used to Wreck Doomed Buildings.

THE WORK OF RELIEF WAS PROMPT

Rawhide, Nev., Sept. 4—Three thousand people homeless, a score or more injured and a property loss of over $75,000 is the result of a disastrous fire which started at 9 o'clock this morning in Dr. Gardiner's office, located in the Rawhide Drug Company's building.

Over a ton and a half of dynamite was used in the demolition of buildings which in a measure stayed the flames' progress. The volunteer fire department and miners worked heroically, but on account of the inflammable construction of the buildings, they were swept away like tinder.

At 11 a. m. the business portion was a smouldering ruin.

Among the first buildings to go was Collins' hardware store which contained two tons of dynamite that exploded, hurling burning planks and boards a great distance, setting fire to numerous buildings simultaneously.

The scene was similar to those in Goldfield in July, 1906, and at Cripple Creek in April, 1896. Many people were injured by flying debris, but none is reported seriously hurt.

A famine is feared, as all the supply houses and grocery stores were wiped out. A subscription list was started and in a few minutes over $5,000 was raised and a relief train started from Reno carrying food and bedding.

All the mining towns of the State came quickly to the assistance of the Rawhide sufferers with contributions.

A partial list of the heaviest losers follows:

First Bank of Rawhide, Press-Times building, Mizpah Mercantile Company, Nevada meat market, the Nothern, Texas, Richards; E. E. Marks & Co., Nevada club, Downer hotel, Kelley's dance hall.

The fire destroyed the hoisting works of the Bluff Mining Company, Grutt Hill properties and the Grutt business office, the loss on these amounting to $10,000 which is the extent of damage none to the mining properties.

Methodist Convention

The annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal ministers of the Altoona district was held at Bellwood Thursday and Friday. The convention opened Thursday afternoon with a devotional service conducted by Rev. D. A. Sower, of Pleasant Gap. Interesting themes were discussed during the sessions and the following nearly ministers participated.

Rev. M. C. Piper, of Milesburg analyzed and pointed out the adaquate remedy for "The Leahy Department in our Sunday School."

Rev. James B. Stein, Bellefonte, presented "The Preacher as a Financier, (1) Personal (2) Church," in a practical manner.

Rev. C. C. Kelsey, of Snow Shoe, conducted the Friday evening devotional service. The Friday evening session was devoted to evangelism. Rev. R. S. Taylor, of Howard presenting the "Machinery and Power" phase of the topic.

Used Dog's Vertabrae

If Harry Bemus, of Warren, Pa., who is in the Oil City hospital leaves alive, and his physicians believe he will his head during the remainder of his days will be partially supported by the spinal column of an ordinary dog. Bemus fell from a trestle at Riverside Junction recently and broke his neck. It was necessary to remove a vertebra from his spinal column and in its place was inserted a vertebra from the back of a dog. The surgeons regard the unusual operation as entirely successful and expect that the patient will shortly be discharged from the hospital as cured.

SCHENCK FAMILY REUNION.

Decendents of Noted Pioneer Gathered Near Howard Thursday.

The biennial reunion of the Schenck family was held in the beautiful oak grove on the farm where the pioneer member of the Schenck family settled in 1796. The grove is situated on a ridge and is an ideal place for such a gathering. The Pletchers and Holters who reside in that community are also decendents of the original Schenck family and the clan is a large one. The delightful weather during the day made it a pleasant one for the picnic and by the noon hour the grove was filled with the largest gathering that has assembled there since the centennial in 1896. The farmers being well on with their work all took a day off to join in once more greeting their friends. Not for some time have so many members of the families come from distant points as on this occasion, and the day was one of continual greeting of old friends and relatives.

At ten o'clock the president D. B. Schenck called for order at the pavilion, where services were held and addresses were made. A selected choir did the singing and music was furnished by the Howard band which was augmented for the occasion by the Pletcher brothers and several players from Milesburg. Rev. W. W. Rhoads, of Howard invoked the divine blessing upon the assemblage. Prof. Milford Pletcher welcomed the members of families and their friends once more to the grove. Rev. H. I. Crow, of Hublersburg very ably responded to this address. Rev. R. S. Taylor also made a short address at this time.

Adjournment was then taken for the dinner hour and soon the family groups had spread their bounteous tables beneath the spreading oaks where visitors were invited to join them in partaking of the many good things had been prepared for the picnic dinner.

For some time after the dinner hour there was a general all round greeting of old acquaintances and the candidates for various county offices, who were of the same as well as the opposite party of the Schenck—Pletcher—Holter clan joined in the greeting.

The choir and the band then assembled and for some time kept the woods ringing with the melodious strains of their music. Rev. N. H. Schenck made a very stirring address during the afternoon.

At the close of the afternoon executive session the Jacksonville and Schenckville base ball teams met on the field joining the grove for a contest and for the balance of the afternoon the large crowd witnessed the farmer boys play the national game. The Schenckville team was composed of eight Schenck boys and one of near kin. The game was at fas played one and full of sport. The Schenckville boys defeated their visitors by the score of 11—6.

Most of the people who had been there for dinner remained for supper while some came in the afternoon and brought their suppers. The supper time over the farewells were said and soon the roads leading from the grove were lined with many conveyances bearing the many people back to their homes from one of the most enjoyable reunions yet held by these historic families.

Bride Can Do As She Pleases.

The petition of William Mayes asking the court to issue a decree whereby he could secure the release of his wife, Verna Hopkins, whom he alleged is detained against her will at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George Keller, on East Bald Eagle street, Lock Haven, occupied the attention of Associate Judge W. S. Harris Wednesday morning in the library of the court house. Mrs. Keller, Mrs. Mayes and Attorney A. F. Ryon, who represented both these ladies, were present, as was also Edward E. Ball, Esq., counsel for the petitioner.

Attorney Ryon presented depositions from both of these ladies, in which they under oath recite that the said Mrs. Mayes was not spirited away from her former home in Lockport, but left of her own free will and accord; also that she is not in any manner restrained of her liberty by her grandparents. After hearing these depositions, the court ordered the release of the wife, and she is therefore granted such liberty from the husband as she may seek.

—Fire destroyed the saw mill of Shanbacher and Hollock at Liberty, Lycoming county, Tuesday afternoon. The fire communicated to the lumber piles, much of which was burned before the flames were extinguished. The total loss was about $10,000. Two men were hurt during the fire by falling timbers.

ARMED CRANK AFTER PRESIDENT

Wanted 10,000 Troops to Catch Yeggmen Terrorizing Boston.

HE WAS AN OFFICER

Incident Brings Light that Some One Fired Shot from Woods at the President Last Week.

DESCRIBED SELF AS JOHN COUGHLIN

Oyster Bay, Sept. 7.—Armed with a big revolver, fully loaded, a dangerous crank, who admitted he once was in an insane asylum, and insisted he must see President Roosevelt, was captured within a stone's throw of the President's home on Sagamore Hill today. He did not submit to arrest without a struggle, in which he attempted to draw his weapon on two Secret Service men.

In connection with the arrest it was learned that a mysterious shooting, many which construe as a deliberate attempt to assassinate the President, has kept the Secret Service men busy since Saturday last, and was the occasion of the hurried visit made by Chief Wilkie, of the Secret Service Bureau, who came from Washington yesterday and consulted with his subordinates at Sagamore Hill.

With a companion the President was on horseback riding along Cove road, which skirts the shore of the bay. As he returned and was about turning into his own ground a shot was fired from a revolver by some one concealed in the dense woods on the grounds of the President's counsel, W. Emlen Roosevelt. If the President was the target the bullet went wide of its mark. No trace of the miscreant could be found by the Secret Service men, and while they do not connect the shooting with the appearance of the crank today, they do not know how long he has been in the village.

The man arrested today claimed he was an officer and demanded an interview with the president. He then stated that if the president would only order out 10,000 soldiers all the yeggmen who have been terrorizing Boston could be captured. He carried a card bearing the name "John Coughlin" and underneath it the word, "Officer." In the grip which the man carried was a purse containing $80. He was held on the charge of carrying concealed weapons and was sent to the county jail at Mineola.

The Men's Meeting

The first men's meeting of the season under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. was held in the court house Sunday afternoon. The Coleville band played several sacred airs in front of the court house and the meeting inside was opened with that beautiful piece "Joy to the World." The meeting was well attended. Secretary Meserve presided. James R. Hughes read the scripture lesson and Gen. Beaver offered a fervent prayer. The speaker for the afternoon was Rev. James B. Stein, D. D. As the basis of his remarks the minister very appropriately selected the passage found in Luke 20:25. "Render therefore unto Caesar the things that be Caesar's and unto God the things that be God's. He spoke of the demands made upon every man by society, by the government and by the labor and commercial world, but while paying tribute to these demands no one should lose sight of God and what belongs to Him. The address was full of food food thought for all classes of men.

The time has not been set for the next meeting but arrangements are well under way for the district convention of the Y. M. C. A. which will be held here October 16-18, when prominent speakers will be present.

Snow Shoe Defeated.

The 14 inning game with Howard at this place Tuesday afternoon evidently took the tar out of the Snow Shoe players. The team went to Lock Haven from here that evening and next morning went to Woolrich where they played the team of that place. The Woolpickers were too fast for them and in a sensational game the Coal Barons were defeated by the score of 12 to 5. From a report late in the evening is was learned that two games were to have been played, but the Coal Barons objected to playing the second game.

CENTRE-CLINTON LEAGUE.

Interest is Inceasing as the Season Advances. Bellefonte Is Also Taking an Interest.

The Centre and Clinton league is now attracting the attending of the two counties, and the approach of the close of the season adds much interest to the game. Three of the clubs are now in the race for the pennant and every game is anxiously watched. Since the last standing was published Howard has won four games and now occupies second place. With Orvis in the lead, Howard a close second and Snow Shoe third the result is watched with interest.

On Saturday Howard went to Woolrich and added two games to their credit. The first was a slugging match, Howard having 15 hits and the Woolpickers 17, the result being in doubt until the finish when the score stood 14—12. The second game was a pitchers battle and was called in the fifth inning when the score stood 4—1. In the afternoon the Mill Hall team received a nice shut out from Orvis at the latter place. Seven errors and failure to connect with Willers curves was responsible for the severe drubbing. Snow Shoe and Beech Creek did not play as scheduled.

Monday, Labor day, was another busy day for C. and C. teams, there being two double headers and a single. In the forenoon Beech Creek played a nice game at Howard, the Millionaires keeping their visitors from scoring until the last inning when two men reached home. The millionaires scored at different times and had six runs to their credit. In the afternoon Howard went to Beech Creek where the same teams played the second game which was just as nice as the forenoon game and the score was the same, 6—2 in the Millionaires' favor.

Those who attended the picnic at Mill Hall were treated to two interesting games between Mill Hall and the Woolpickers, one game in the forenoon and one in the afternoon, and a split. The forenoon game was won by the Woolpickers by the score of 10—5 the afternoon game by Mill Hall, the score being 7—0. Snow Shoe and Orvis did not play in the forenoon but in the afternoon there was a contest royal between these teams, which resulted in a victory for the Coal Barons by the score 6—5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Orvis	19	9	.679
Snow Shoe	19	9	.679
Howard	20	10	.667
Beech Creek	9	17	.346
Woolrich	10	20	.333
Mill Hall	9	21	.300

Thursday, September 10

Snow Shoe vs. Howard at Bellefonte.

Saturday September 12.

Beech Creek at Mill Hall

Woolrich at Orvis.

Snow Shoe at Howard

Thursday September 17 the Williamsport Tri-state will play Howard at Bellefonte.

Nittany Furnace to Resume.

Within the last two weeks the pig iron market has been showing considerable strength which is good news for the residents of Bellefonte and vicinity, especially those who have been employed at our furnaces. All indications now point to the resumption of the Nittany Furnace on October 1st. This industry has been idle for several months, and the starting of it will mean the employment of one hundred or more men most of whom have been idle since the close down. Supt. W. A. Moore and his assistant, William Waddle, are now making arrangements for the raw material, so everything will be in readiness by the first of the month. During the time the furnace has been idle a number of improvements have been made which will increase the efficiency of the plant. The Nittany iron has always been in demand and as soon as the price gets above the cost of manufacturing it, things will boom out there.

Sickelco-Lucas.

A very quiet wedding took place in Bellefonte on Thursday afternoon at the Reformed parsonage when Mr. Herbert H. Sickelco, of Silver Creek, N. Y., and Miss Sarah H. Lucas, of Howard, were united in marriage by the Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt, D. D. Miss Lucas is a daughter of Reuben Lucas of that place is a young lady of many accomplishments. Mr. Sickelco is employed by a railroad company at Silver Creek and is man with a promising career.

The bridal couple went to the home of the bride's father in Howard on the 8 16 train where they received the congratulations of her numerous friends.

MAIL CARRIER WAS ROBBED

Sunbury Man Victim of a Daring Holdup on Tuesday

A DAYLIGHT ATTACK

He Was Beaten by Two Men and Dragged Into a Barn Where the Letters Were Rifled

WAS MISSED AT THE POST OFFICE

Sunbury, Pa., Sept. 8th.—Eugene Gregg, a mail carrier, of this place was the victim of a daring holdup here today and was brutally beaten and robbed in broad daylight while out on one of his trips delivering mail. Gregg left the post office at 10 o'clock this morn to cover his route, which extends to the east end of town. When he failed to return to the post office at noon searching parties were sent out to look for him, and it was learned that he had been seen delivering mail in the East End of town where all trace of him were lost.

About 4 o'clock this afternoon a man upon entering a barn on a short lane running from one of the principal streets found Gregg lying on the floor in an unconscious condition and mail matter, most of which had been opened, strewn all over the place. The clothing worn by Gregg had been almost entirely torn from his body showing that he had been engaged in a desperate encounter, and he was brutally beaten about the head and body. Still unconscious, he was placed in an automobile and taken to the office of a physician where he was revived.

He says that while delivering mail two strange men accosted him, and while one engaged him in conversation the other struck him on the head with a club, felling him to the ground. He was then dragged to the barn and when he resisted was beaten into a state of unconsciousness. He gave a good description of the men and officers are searching for them. Gregg is in a very serious condition.

Robb—Snyder.

A very quite wedding took place at the Presbyterian parsonage in Mill Hall on Wednesday evening, September 2, when Samuel Robb of Howard, and Miss Mary E. Snyder, of Beech Creek were united in marriage by Rev. W. M. Grant.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Snyder of Beech Creek and is a young lady of many accomplishments. The groom is the son of Frederick Robb of Howard and is an intelligent young man with good habits and has many friends throughout Centre and Clinton counties where he has successfully taught school for the past few years.

Mr. and Mrs. Robb are very popular with the younger set and their many friends join in wishing them a long and prosperous married life.

Ejectment Orders

The following order has been issued for Pennsy trainmen, governing the ejectment of passengers from trains for non-payment of fares or violation of rules. The ejectment must be made at a station and preferably one in, or close to, a town or settlement of some sort, and when the person ejected is a woman or a child unaccompanied by a man, or accompanied by a man drunk or otherwise incapable of caring for himself, it must be made at a station where an agent is on duty, and the agent must be notified of the ejectment, that he may properly look out for the ejected woman or child.

A Large Oak.

A monster rock oak tree was recently cut in Juniata township, Huntingdon County. Its dimensions were as follows after having been cut down and peeled: The circumference of the butt was 12 feet 7 inches, or a diameter of about four feet; the diameter at the end of the last log, or 62 feet from the butt, was 22 inches; no limbs were on the tree within 60 feet of the ground.

The logs were measured and the amount of lumber that can be made is 2,190 feet, board measure, and 12 crossties can be made from the limbs. The bark will amount to from 1½ to 1¾ cords.

EDWARD F. WATT.

Prominent Salesman and Mason Died in Philadelphia Hospital.

Edward F. Watt, of Williamsport, died at the German hospital in Philadelphia Wednesday night of gastritis, his death coming as a great shock to his many friends in Williamsport, Howard and along the route of his travel. Mr. Watt left Williamsport on Saturday and went to New York, where he spent Sunday. On Monday he returned to Philadelphia, where he took sick. His wife and baby, who were visiting at Howard, were called to his bedside on Wednesday, and remained with him until his death. His aged mother was visiting at Freeburg, Snyder county, and is prostrated over the death of her son.

Mr. Watt was reared in Snyder county, but for a number of years has made his home in Williamsport. He was aged 39 years. He was traveling salesman for Watson & Co., of Philadelphia, and had a large circle of friends in the district which he covered. He was a member of the local bodies of the Masons at Williamsport and also of the Irem Temple Mystic Shrine, of Wilkes-Barre. He played tenor in the Imperial Tetequea band of Williamsport, and was the first member of the band to die.

Besides his wife, who was Miss Nellie Burns, of Howard, he is survived by a five months old baby, his aged mother and three sisters, who reside in Williamsport.

Funeral services were held at the late residence in Williamsport Saturday afternoon at one o'clock, in charge of the Baldwin H. Commandery Knights Templer. The Repasz band escorted the body to the Pennsylvania railroad station and the remains were taken to Howard for interment. The Imperial Tetequea band and a large delegation of the commandery accompanied the remains to the latter place. Interment took place upon the arrival of the train at Howard at 4.12

George B. Brungard.

George B. Brungard, a well known resident of east Nittany valley, died at his home in Lamar township, Clinton county, Friday night about ten o'clock of cancer of the mouth. He was born July 9, 1850, being a little over 58 years of age. About 16 years ago he detected a soreness in his mouth but kept the disease a secret until less than half a year ago, as he did not want the family to know of the ailment which he knew would be fatal.

He is survived by his wife, six sons, Harry, William, John, Joseph, Louden and Charles, and two daughters, Stella and Florence; also by three brothers, Samuel and Henry, of Salona, and Jacob, of Avis, and five sisters, Mrs. Michael Miller, of Madisonburg, Mrs. Robert Brown, and Mrs. J. Mayberry Herr, of Indianapolis, Mrs. George S. Gramley, of Rote and Mrs. Cyrus Erdhart of Rebersburg.

The deceased had been a resident of Lamar township all his life, with the exception of a few years he lived in Beech Creek township, and engaged in farming. He served his township as school director and supervisor, being supervisor at the time of his death. He was a member of the Lutheran church and will be missed in the community and by his family.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at two o'clock from his late home and burial was made at Cedar Hill. Rev. J. M. Rearick officiated.

Horse Ran Away.

On Sunday Sidney Keefer, of Bellefonte spent the day with his folks on the farm a little east of Birmingham. He and his brother Warren drove to church and after services started for home. After driving a short distance part of the harness broke and the horse became unmanageable and got away. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Waite were only a short distance ahead of the mad horse and before they could get out of the way the animal plunged into their buggy throwing both the Waites to the road. When the collision occurred the Keefer boys were also thrown to the ground. The animal being free passed a half dozen other rigs on the way home but had enough sense to turn out. Both the Keefers were unconscious when picked up but revived shortly afterwards. Warren was the worse hurt of the two and when last heard from on Sunday evening was in a pretty bad condition. Sidney was very badly scarred and cut over the face and head and received some severe bruises on the body. Mr. and Mrs. Waite were not badly injured. Both conveyances were smashed. Mr. Keefer went back to Bellefonte Sunday evening and when interviewed at the train, he thought he would be alright in a couple of days.—Tyrone Herald.

CARS COME OUT OF HIDING

Coal Trade Demands That They be Brought Into Service

A MONTHLY STATEMENT

Shows That the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio Have Added Largely to Their Equipment

OTHER SYSTEMS ARE COMPLAINING

That the railroads touching at Pittsburg have increased their equipment to the extent of 40,000 freight cars during the month. The increase in business demanded it, and the cars had to be produced from side tracks and other places, where they have been in hiding since the business depression came on one year ago.

This is not for the divisions ending or beginning at Pittsburg, but for the entire trunk lines touching at Pittsburg. For instance, it can be stated on the highest authority that the Pennsylvania System, extending from Jersey City to St. Louis and Chicago, has, in the month of August, been forced to call in 25,000 cars, which for months have been decorating the rights of way or sidings. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad has increased its rolling stock by about 8500 cars and the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad (Vanderbilt System) reports that it has really not enough cars to handle its coal business, and the next week may see other systems coming to the assistance of the Lake Erie and loaning it cars from the great abundance which they yet have idle.

A great wail comes from the Gould lines of this vicinity over the lack of cars. The Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal and the Wheeling & Lake Erie, both Gould lines in the hands of the receivers, find themselves confronted by a car famine. They have not nearly enough cars to handle their business. The Wheeling & Lake Erie is in serious shape, as it has a great number of contracts for coal at the lake side, which it may not be able to fill.

There is a rumor here that the Gould people made an appeal to the Pennsylvania, the Baltimore & Ohio and the Vanderbilt roads to allow them to rent some of the many cars which they have idle, but there was nothing doing. It is believed, however, that E. H. Harriman, who has taken up the Gould roads, will this coming week have a great number of cars from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad shipped over to the Wheeling & Lake Erie, as he is interested now in both lines.

It has come out that the real reason why the different railroads entering Pittsburg some months ago lifted thousands of idle cars off the rails and placed them on the rights of way was not because there was no room on the sidings, but because it had been found that a road need not pay taxes on a car not on the rails.

Let Railroads Run their Own Business.

It is about time that the public let the railroads run their own business. The roads are paying more for everything they use than they formerly did; labor is receiving higher wages and materials have increased in price, and yet freight rates have been steadily going down under the influence of hostile legislation. Something has got to be done about it. It is time that the employes join with their employers and do what they can to assist them in getting fair play. Unless the roads are allowed to charge higher rates, they have got to reduce our pay, which places the burden on the shoulders of 1,500,000 men instead of distributing it over the entire country. Any increase in rates is bound to fall upon the consumer in the end. What, then, would be the effect of adding one cent to the price of one hundred pounds of flour, or seven-tenths of a cent to the cost of a suit of clothes all over the country, as compared with that of reducing the consuming capacity of 10,000,000 people?

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Hundreds of people who suffer from backache rheumatism, lame back, lumbago and similar ailments are not aware that these are merely symptoms of kidney trouble, and to be relieved they must correct the cause. Pineules for the Kidneys, pleasant and easy to take, are readily absorbed by the stomach and blood act directly on the kidneys, bringing quick relief to backache and other symptoms of kidney and bladder derangements. A dose of Pineules at bed time brings relief. 30 days' trial $1.00 and guaranteed or money. Sold by C M Parrish

Bees Laxative Cough Syrup recommended by mothers for young and old is prompt relief for coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, whooping cough. Gently laxative and pleasant to take. Guaranteed. Should be kept in every household. Sold by C M Parrish

How Queen Bess Dined.

The setting out of the dinner of Queen Elizabeth was a ceremonious function. First came a gentleman with a rod, followed by a gentleman carrying a tablecloth, which, after they had knelt reverently three times, was spread upon the table. Then came two others, one with a rod, the other with a saltcellar, a plate and bread. They knelt three times, placed the things on the table, knelt again and retired. Next came a lady in waiting, followed by a second. The first lady, dressed in white, after kneeling three times, approached the table and solemnly rubbed the plates with the salt. Then entered twenty-four yeomen of the guard clad in scarlet and each carrying a dish of gold. These dishes were placed upon the table, while the lady taster gave to each of the guards a taste from the dish he had brought in for fear of possible poison. These guards were selected from the tallest and stoutest men in all England. At the close of this ceremony a number of unmarried ladies appeared and with great solemnity lifted the various dishes and carried them to the queen in her private apartments. The queen dined and supped alone, with few attendants, and it was seldom that any one was admitted at this time, and then only at the intercession of some one in power.

Coal Used by Romans.

It is believed by some historians that coal was used by the Romans on the continent and by the Britons on the island before the arrival of Caesar. As early as 1234 Henry III. granted a license to dig coal near Newcastle, but a few years later the use of coal was forbidden in London, the smoke being deemed prejudicial to public health. In 1306 the London gentry petitioned the king against its use, declaring that in spite of his royal order certain malicious persons persisted in burning it. Coals began to be brought from Newcastle to London in 1381, during the reign of Richard II. By the year 1400 coal was commonly burned in London as a fuel, though 200 years later, in the reign of Charles I., its use was far from being general throughout England. Anthracite coal, which, except the diamond, is the purest form of carbon known, was first used by a Connecticut blacksmith named Gore in 1768 and as a domestic fuel by Judge Jesse Fell of Wilkesbarre, Pa., in 1808.

A Fairy Tale Kingdom.

The kingdom of Uganda is a fairy tale. You climb up a railway instead of a beanstalk, and at the end there is a wonderful new world. The scenery is different, the vegetation is different, the climate is different, and, most of all, the people are different from anything elsewhere to be seen in the whole range of Africa. Instead of the breezy uplands we enter a tropical garden. In place of naked painted savages clashing their spears and gibbering in chorus to their tribal chiefs a complete and elaborate polity is presented. Under a dynastic king, a parliament and a powerful feudal system an amiable, clothed, polite and intelligent race dwell together in an organized monarchy upon the rich domain between the Victoria and Albert lakes.—Winston Churchill, M. P., in Strand Magazine.

A Promise Unfulfilled.

O. Henry, the well known story writer, once promised the editor of a magazine that he would deliver a short story to him on the following Monday. Several Mondays passed, but the muse was refractory, and the story was not forthcoming. At last the wrathful editor wrote this note:

My Dear O. Henry—If I do not receive that story from you by 12 o'clock today I am going to put on my heaviest soled shoes, come down to your house and kick you downstairs. I always keep my promises.

Whereupon O. Henry sat down and wrote this characteristic reply:

Dear Sir—I, too, would keep my promises if I could fulfill them with my feet.
—Success Magazine.

A Defect.

A little girl was playing with a girl friend of her own age on the porch of her home. An elderly gentleman, her mother's father, and an elderly lady, her father's mother, were sitting on the porch talking pleasantly with each other. The little girl had often wished her grandparents were of the same name, like other children's grandparents. Presently the little guest remarked, "What a nice grandmother and grandfather you have!"

"Oh, yes," she said, with a sigh, "but they don't match."

An Explanation.

"How long has this restaurant been open?" asked the would be diner.

"Two years," said the proprietor.

"I am sorry I did not know it," said the guest. "I should be better off if I had come here then."

"Yes?" smiled the proprietor, very much pleased. "How is that?"

"I should probably have been served by this time if I had," said the guest, and the entente cordiale vanished.—Harper's Weekly.

Cause and Effect.

Old Hunks—When I came to this town sixteen years ago, real estate in the block where I live was higher than it is now.

Old Hewligus—It would be so in any block where you'd settle down.—Chicago Tribune.

Generous.

Mr. Smith (in street car)—Madam, take my seat. Mrs. Jones (who has been standing fifteen minutes)—No, thanks; I get off at the next corner. Smith—That's all right. So do I.

It is unpleasant to turn back, even though it be to take the right way.—German Proverb.

A Narrow Escape.

By MARTHA C. SANFORD.

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Curtiss Rollins dashed breathlessly into the Central station just as the man behind the megaphone announced, "Incoming 3 o'clock up state express on track 14." He made his way nervously through the anxious crowd surging toward the gate and took up his position in the line behind the guard ropes.

Then, serene in the consciousness that he was, after all, on time, his mind lapsed into contemplation of the business problem from which he had wrenched himself but ten minutes before. The passengers, hurrying by from the train, made no individual impression upon him. He stood there as one waiting to be recognized and set in motion. Suddenly he was aware that he was being spoken to.

"You don't remember me, I'm afraid, Mr. Rollins."

His bewilderment as he looked at the girl was quite evident.

"I'm afraid I don't," he began stumblingly. Then in a flash his face lighted up, and he grasped her hand cordially. "Yes, I do," he retracted. "I remember you perfectly, but I can't recall your name."

"Eloise Kimball," the girl informed him. "I'm Margaret's roommate."

"To be sure," he assented genially, though in reality the recollection of that distant day spent in a whirl and flutter of endlessly accumulative girls momentarily dismayed him.

As he bent down quite as a matter of course to take up her suit case he remembered that this wasn't the girl he had come to meet after all.

"Great heavens," he exclaimed in dismay, "I'm afraid I've missed my sister! Did you happen to see her on the train, Miss Kimball?"

At this Eloise could hardly keep from laughing outright. The man was certainly living up to his reputation. "An irreclaimable freak" was Margaret's sisterly way of describing him.

"She isn't coming until the 10:30 train tonight," Eloise informed him

"I'M MARGARET'S ROOMMATE."

"She asked me to tell you. That's why I was so very indecorous as to speak to you."

Rollins looked dumfounded.

"Got me up here for nothing," he asked in amazement. "Couldn't she have telegraphed? Really, Miss Kimball, I can't see what good four years at college have done Margaret if they haven't taught her to realize the relative importance of things. The idea of making me come way up here in the midst of business hours for nothing! I"—

Suddenly he stopped short. A pair of mischievous brown eyes were laughing at him.

"I mean, of course," he amended humbly, "that Margaret might have telegraphed and saved us both this trouble."

At this the laughter bubbled over.

"I fear we are a pretty thoughtless lot," she admitted demurely. "But we learn very easily. That's where our education benefits us perhaps. Now, don't let me keep you away from business another second. I feel very guilty."

This sympathetic little apology had its effect on Curtiss Rollins. He became all at once aware of the girl's extreme prettiness. It would be brutal to leave her in that big station alone and helpless.

"Hang business!" was his unexpected reply. "Do you have to cross the city, Miss Kimball?"

"Yes. I leave by boat from the East river side. But please don't bother about me, Mr. Rollins. I'm quite used to crossing the city alone, really."

"What time does your boat leave?" he inquired pertinently.

"At 6 o'clock."

"It's about 3:30 now," Rollins said, consulting his watch. "That will give us time for a little fun. What would you like to do most, Miss Kimball?"

"Have a college sundae and ride down the avenue on top of the bus," she announced unhesitatingly.

"But seriously," urged Rollins.

"That's serious," protested Eloise. "Have you outgrown such simple forms of amusement?"

"Not outgrown, just forgotten," he assured her heartily. "I think it will be a jolly lark. Now for the college sundae. What is your favorite flower?"

Oh, shades of solemn stocks and bonds! If Margaret could have seen them now! Eloise described a complete revolution on her rotary stool at the thought of it.

And the ride down on the bus, hats off, with the brisk breeze blowing through their hair and everywhere the exhilaration as of a holiday about them!

"I never had so much fun in my life!" Rollins exclaimed, with unaffected enthusiasm.

"It's because you're playing truant," Eloise assured him. "Aren't you having fun?" he asked her.

"Of course! I could squeal I'm so happy."

"But you aren't playing truant. What"—

"I'm just playing," interrupted Eloise quickly. "And that's more fun than anything else in the world."

Rollins was the first to break the little conscious silence that followed.

"I was awfully rude to you at the station, Miss Kimball. I hope you'll forget it. I don't know what you thought of me."

"Margaret had prepared me for the worst," she said.

"What had she told you?" he demanded. "It will probably do me good to hear."

Eloise let him have the merciless truth.

"And I suppose you agree with her?" he questioned, half in jest, half in earnest.

"Margaret doesn't half know how irreclaimable you are," Eloise answered without a perceptible flicker of mockery.

* * * * * * *

It was with a strangely new sensation that Curtiss Rollins stood watching a ship sail out to sea long after the flutter of a certain little handkerchief had become indistinguishable before he turned his face toward town again, which, he had decided, had grown suddenly dull and lonely. In the days that followed he was absorbed and preoccupied to a noticeable degree.

"Curtiss has grown freakier than ever," wrote Margaret to Eloise in desperation. "I did hope the sight of such a refreshing creature as you, my dear, would wake him up, and I'm sure he did enjoy the afternoon he spent with you. In fact, after I first got home he spoke of you several times voluntarily called you 'intelligent and sympathetic,' which is the very acme of admiration from Curtiss.

"On the strength of this before we left town I told him all about you and your family (tactfully, of course) and what a charming summer place Cliffville is, adroitly suggesting that he'd find it an ideal spot to spend his vacation. But all to no purpose, my dear Eloise. A telegram has just come from him saying he's been called away on an urgent matter and will be gone indefinitely.

"That means that when he gets back he'll plunge into business harder than ever, and all the romantic influence of the summer season will have spent itself in vain, so far as Curtiss is concerned."

This letter Eloise hugged ardently to her until the felicitous moment should come when she could laugh over its contents with Curtiss.

"You see," she told him when the moment did come, "I suspected your motive from the very day of your arrival in Cliffville."

"Margaret is a most remarkable girl," Curtiss commented, glancing again at the letter. "She understands people. I have always said so."

"Especially 'irreclaimable freaks,'" Eloise reminded him reproachfully.

Curtiss made a wry face, then laughed in spite of himself.

"What made you think me worth reclaiming, dearest?" he asked her tenderly.

"Three little words," she answered mysteriously.

Curtiss waited to hear them.

"'An irreclaimable freak, but a dear'—that's what Margaret always called you."

For a moment Curtiss' expression was as gloomy as the fate his imagination depicted.

"Just three little words!" he repeated solemnly. "What a narrow escape! Suppose Margaret had not said them?"

"Why, I should have discovered them myself," Eloise answered him.

"How wonderful!" exclaimed her lover, reverently clasping her to him, and Eloise let him think so.

Leading to Crime.

"Some years ago in Hartford," said Mark Twain, "we all went to church one hot, sweltering night to hear the annual report of Mr. Hawley, a city missionary who went around finding people who needed help and didn't want to ask for it. He told of the life in cellars, where poverty resided; he gave instances of the heroism and devotion of the poor. When a man with millions gives, he said, we make a great deal of noise. It's a noise in the wrong place, for it's the widow's mite that counts. Well, Hawley worked me up to a great pitch. I could hardly wait for him to get through. I had $400 in my pocket. I wanted to give that and borrow more to give. You could see greenbacks in every eye. But instead of passing the plate then he kept on talking and talking and talking, and as he talked it grew hotter and hotter and hotter, and we grew sleepier and sleepier and sleepier. My enthusiasm went down, down, down, down—$100 at a clip—until finally, when the plate did come around, I stole 10 cents out of it. It all goes to show how a little thing like this can lead to crime."

That fish will soon be caught that nibbles at every bait.—Italian Proverb.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A Rural Moth Trap

If our Federal and State authorities, who are wasting a lot of time, and more of the people's money, in ridiculous experiments with "poison spads," baby-food barbecues, and hair-splitting rulings that do not affet the wholesomenes of food products at all, would get busy in some other directions, they would accomplish more than Dr. Wiley has yet been able to do. In foreign countries, where practical rather than theoretical accomplishments are sought, pure-food laws are enforced to secure the purity and wholesomeness of foods and conserve the public interests in every direction, and not to hetchel and annoy the people. Our various agricultural departments will be interested, for instance, in the effort successfully made by the Saxon authorities at Zittau, Germany, to exterminate moths and caterpillars, which have been ravaging the local forests, and especially the brown moths that lay the eggs from which caterpillars are hatched in such enormous quantities. Powerful electric-light reflectors, placed over a deep receptacle with exhaust fans behind them, have been erected on top of the municipal electric plant at Zittau. From this at night two great streams of light are thrown on the forests, half a mile distant. The moths, drawn by the brilliancy of the light, rust toward the reflectors, and the powerful current from the exhaust fans whirls them into the receptacle. On one night three tons of moths were caught, and it is believed that this new method will exterminate the pest. This is the kind of work that we need for the preservation of our forest and shade trees. Let our agricultural departments drop their pure-food fads of the Dr. Wiley variety, and get to work.

New Track About Ready.

The fourtracking of the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad between Newton Hamilton and Vineyard on the Middle division is about completed and will be ready for service in a few days. The work extends for a distance of nearly four miles and when it is put into service the old line will be abandoned. The construction necessitated the erection of two stone arch bridges and digging a new channel for the Juniata river about 3000 feet in length.

The total amount of excavation of the whole line is about 3,500,000 cubic yards, of which about 2,000,000 cubic yards is contained in the river channel. The depth of the greatest cut is 130 feet on the center line and the greatest fill is sixty-four feet on the center line. The total amount of masonary is 116,000 cubic yards, the most of which has been used in the construction of the bridges at Mount Union and Ryde.

In the old line there were sixteen curves and in the new one there are only six. The total curvature has been reduced from 532 degrees to 192 degrees, and the line has been shortened 200 feet. The total rise in the old line was 108 feet and in the new line has been reduced nearly ninety feet. The total fall has been reduced from twenty-nine to fourteen feet. Fifteen grade crossings have been eliminated.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fly-Fishing for Weakfish.

From my experience, I say with confidence, that squeteague will take the proper fly more readily than a shrimp or minnow. To see a four or six pound squeteague rise and swirl for a fly, showing his brilliant side and forthwith making his powerful and rapid run, is sport equal to fly-fishing for black bass, and when the fish are plenty it is more exciting. The usual throwing of shrimp as a toil is, of course, part of the game.

Oftentimes at sunset I have seen him eagerly take a skittering fly and one evening in the "pound" at Cuttyhunk I had several clear the water for it. It is surprising to me that sportsmen in the East are so slow in seeking the really good fishing our salt water affords. By good fishing I mean rod fishing with proper tackle.

A seven-ounce fly-rod, with one hundred yards of nine-thread twisted line, six foot gut leader, and, for the fly, a yellow-May tied with silver body, is the proper outfit. As the fly should usually be a foot under the surface the body of the fly should be weighted. The use of a leader is not really necessary. The fly should be offered just as in trout fishing except that a long cast it not needed, and the fly should be kept under the surface. The slower the motion the better. If a squeteague sees it move an inch he will take it. A quick strike is also unnecessary as the fish do not eject the fly as a trout will. Fishing with my skipper or with friends using live bait under a bob, I invariably beat them.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

The programs have been issued for the sixteenth annual convention of the Centre County Cristian Endeavor Union, which will be held Wednesday and Thursday, September 9 and 10. Some of the sessions will be held in the Presbyterian church at Buffalo Run and open air services will be held at Hunters Park. The convention will open Wednesday afternoon. The address of welcome will be made by Rev. H. K. Harnish and Rev. Bergstresser will respond.

Many subjects of importance to Christian Endeavor work will be presented and discussed during the sessions by the ministers of the county. Among the noted speakers will be Rev. Dr. R. G. Bannen, of Williamsport, state president of the C. E. Union who will address the convention Wednesday forenoon on "Christian Endeavor and the Coming of the Kingdom." A. J. Shartle, of Reading, state secretary, will also address the forenoon session. Mr. Shartle will again address the convention in the afternoon. Rev. Bannen will deliver an address in the evening on "Better Lives and Service." The executive committee have been fortunate in securing these two state officers to participate in this conventions.

In addition to the regular trains the Bellefonte Central railroad will run special trains Wednesday and Thursday evenings, leaving Bellefonte at 6 30 o'clock and returning after the evening meetings. Round trip tickets from Bellefonte will be 25 cents, thus affording Bellefonte people an opportunity to atend the convention at a very small cost.

BRYAN AS PROPHET FAILS TO QUALIFY

Disasters He Foretold Never Come to Pass.

OPPOSITE IS ALWAYS TRUE.

Gold Standard Does Not Slay, Nor Does It Write Future In Blood.

As a prophet William Jennings Bryan has never been a success. The calamities which he has foretold would have brought unlimited disaster to the country if they had ever been realized. But they never came to pass. The harrowing pictures which he painted were merely figments of his imagination, based on absolutely no foundation whatever.

It is well to have Americans remember that prophecies uttered by the orator of the Platte must be discounted fully 100 per cent, for all signs indicate that he feels the fates once more and is about to begin prophesying again. A male Cassandra, Mr. Bryan might by this time have learned that the forecast of evil will never be believed by those who have found that in the past his vaticinations have been but empty air.

"Driving Country to Ruin."

For instance, when Mr. Bryan was a member of the house of representatives in 1892 he was absolutely certain that protection was driving the country headlong to rack and ruin, and in his speech delivered March 16 of that year he drew the following agonizing pictures:

"Protection has been our cannibal tree, and as one after another of our farmers has been driven by the force of circumstances upon that tree and has been crushed within its folds his companions have stood around and shouted, 'Great is protection!' * * * Thus in every state, so far as these statistics have been collected, the proportion of home owning farmers is decreasing and that of tenant farmers increasing. This means but one thing. It means a land of landlords and tenants, and, backed by the history of every nation that has gone down, I say to you that no people can continue a free people under a free government when the great majority of its citizens are tenants of a small minority. Your system (protective tariff) has driven the farm owner from his land and substituted the farm tenant."

How far this picture portrays the America of today or the America of any year since he made that speech any American can answer. Even in Mr. Bryan's own state he can find an answer right at his doors, for the farm lands of Nebraska have doubled in value.

"Murderous Gold Standard."

But during the four years succeeding that speech Mr. Bryan's agitation grew no less nor did the demon which he had raised in his own imagination hide with diminished head, for in 1896 he again saw destitution threatening the country. He had a remedy for it, a panacea, a fetish which he held up for worship—free silver. Here are some of the things Mr. Bryan said would happen if the gold standard were continued:

"I reply that if protection has slain its thousands the gold standard has slain its tens of thousands." — From Speech at Democratic National Convention July, 1896.

"Do not let the Republicans beguile you about the future. The future is written in blood crushed out of you by gold."—From Speech at Erie, Pa., August, 1896.

"Ah, my friends, there is another reason why people have gone into the cities and left the farms. It is because your legislation has been causing the foreclosure of mortgages upon the farms. * * * Mark my words! If the gold standard goes on and people continue to complain the gold standard advocates instead of trying to improve the condition of the people will be recommending that you close your schools so that the people will not realize how much they are suffering." — From Speech at Monmouth, Ill., October, 1896.

But whom has the gold standard slain? What future did it write in blood? What district schools did it close? Again the condition of the country makes a calm reply confuting the impassioned orator.

Campaigning again in 1900 Mr. Bryan decided that imperialism was another danger to the country. If it were continued the Fourth of July would be forgotten by all Americans and the "spirit of '76" would become a thing of the past. Speaking at Lincoln Mr. Bryan said:

Sees Death of Patriotism.

"The fight this year will be to carry out the sentiment of that song we have so often repeated, 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee.' If we lose, our children and our children's children will not succeed to the spirit of that song, and celebrations of the Fourth of July will pass away, for the spirit of the empire will be upon us."

Is there any spot in these United States where the spirit of 1776 is dead and forgotten and the Fourth of July a meaningless date on the calendar?

One of the most ridiculous of these prophecies was contained in a speech Mr. Bryan made in support of Judge Parker during the campaign of 1904, when he attacked President Roosevelt bitterly. This prophecy had it that military despotism was sure to follow the decrease in the size of the standing army. In this speech Mr. Bryan also emphasized the fact that he was then and always would be a firm believer in the principle of free silver. He summed up his position on this question in the following sentence:

"I believe today in the principles set forth at Chicago and Kansas City (16 to 1) and shall continue to fight for those principles."

LABOR WORLD FOR TAFT.

Characterizes Him as True Friend of the Workingman.

[From the Concord (N. H.) Monitor.]

The Labor World comes out strongly in its advocacy of Mr. Taft. It characterizes him a true friend of labor and declares that the unfair attacks of Mr. Gompers will have little or no effect in alienating from him the labor world. It says: "That Secretary Taft is a true friend of labor is certain, and all the untrue, ungenerous, vicious attacks that President Gompers or any one else may make on him cannot prevent him from continuing to be the friend of the wage worker. Organized labor cannot afford to have itself split up into factions on this political issue. That President Gompers is wrong in forcing this most ominous fight is certain, and intelligent wage workers will certainly came to this conclusion."

JUDSON OUT FOR TAFT.

Chicago University's Head So Notifies Chief Bryan Organ.

To the Editor of the New York World:

I shall vote for the Republican electors because I believe, on the whole, Mr. Taft's equipment for the administration of the federal government, based on his ripe and successful experience, makes it desirable that he should be the successor of Mr. Roosevelt. Further, on the whole, the policies which I believe that Mr. Taft will carry out are more nearly those which I approve.

HARRY PRATT JUDSON,
President Chicago University.
Chicago, Aug. 12.

Anti-Injunctions.

Attorney General Wade H. Ellis of Ohio, who was a member of the committee on resolutions of the Republican national convention, makes the following reply to the criticisms of the platform made by W. J. Bryan. The attorney general says in part:

"The charge made by Mr. Bryan that the Republican declaration with respect to the use of the writ of injunction was designed to 'deceive the laboring man' is unworthy of a candidate for president, and the further charge that this plank merely declares the existing law and will give no relief in those cases in which there has been an abuse or discretion or the apprehension of it is unworthy of any lawyer who has examined the question.

"The anti-injunction resolution is a frank, clear statement of the Republican party's position on a question on which others have been attempting to deceive labor. The sole basis of any rational complaint as to the issuance of injunctions in labor cases has been the use of the writ without notice and the long delays in some instances which have intervened before a hearing of the case.

"The present statute does not require any notice at all before the granting of a temporary order, and it is entirely within the discretion of the court to postpone to any time the judge may see fit the hearing upon the question of an injunction. The Republican plank simply declares that notice shall always be given unless an irreparable injury will result from delay, and in that case there shall be a speedy hearing provided. It will meet the approval of every right thinking man, whether an employer or an employee."

Taft and Labor.

When on the bench Judge Taft said:

That employees have a right to form labor unions.

That such unions are a benefit to labor and to the public.

That they have the right to join with other unions.

That the accumulation of a fund to aid in a strike is right.

That employees have a right to strike whenever any of the terms of their employment are unsatisfactory.

Mr. Gompers says Judge Taft is opposed to organized labor. Mr. Gompers has done a lot of talking in his time and has been a very prolific writer, but in all he has said or in all he has written he has never given organized labor a more unqualified indorsement than Judge Taft gave when on the bench.

"An aggregation of experimental malcontents and theorists," Mr. Sherman's description of the Democratic party, is a phrase that hits the target right in the center.

Honors are easy again. Every time Mr. Taft buys a new horse Mr. Bryan mounts a new hobby.—Omaha Bee.

But He Runs on Forever.

[From the New York Sun.]

What will Mr. Bryan say
After next election day?
Mr. Bryan will insist
That he is an optimist.
Beaten three times! What of that?
He's the one great Democrat
Willing for his fellow men
To be beaten once again.

Read the Commoner and learn!
Mr. Bryan, Mr. Kern,
Sail together on this trip
In the old, oft stranded ship.
(They have quarters in the stern!)

In this antiquated craft,
While they gaze at Mr. Taft
Miles ahead—the race near done
And by Taft and Sherman won—
Mr. Bryan, ever wise,
Doubtless will philosophize
And to Mr. Kern recite
That remark, already trite,
All prepared and often sprung:
"Beaten? Yes, but I'm still young!
I can wait another four
Years, then try the race once more.
I have got this thing down pat.
I'm the one great Democrat!"

—Julian Durand.

DENIES THAT BRYAN "COULD DO NO HARM."

Congressman Burke Says Office of President Is Infinitely More Powerful Than Congress.

Congressman James Francis Burke of Pittsburg in an address on "The Powers of the President" says:

"The American people can make no greater mistake than to elect Mr. Bryan on the assumption that he can do no harm in the face of an adverse senate. As between the executive and legislative departments of the government, the former has infinitely greater power to rule and ruin than the latter.

"Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan are wholly different types of men. Each possesses a strong individual character, which would certainly assert itself in the White House. What either of these men would do during a four years' term in the White House is causing as much anxiety among thoughtful Americans as the mere matter of the election alone.

"As a disturber of moneys the president is without a rival in the world. Through the agencies under his control he will this year disburse a billion dollars, showing the great things we are doing in adding to the unparalleled list of the world's achievements.

"In view of the fact that during the fifteen years of Bryan leadership the states controlled by his party have decreased from 23 to 12, the number of senators from 48 to 31, the number of representatives in congress from 220 to 164 and in that time the Democratic party was in control of the ground, whereas it is now, as a consequence of his teachings, a hopelessly heterogeneous mass of Populistic elements, the American people can see little prospects of a constructive policy if Mr. Bryan should succeed."

Things Bryan Would Forget.

The most important, because the most curiously novel, feature of Mr. Bryan's address is his apotheosis of the party platform. A new doctrine of infallibility is embodied in these sentences at the very beginning of Mr. Bryan's speech:

A platform is binding as to what it omits as well as to what it contains. A platform announces a party's position on the questions which are at issue, and an official is not at liberty to use the authority vested in him to urge personal views which have not been submitted to the voters for their approval.

It is natural that Mr. Bryan should disavow certain "omitted issues," such as free silver, government ownership of railroads, the initiative and referendum, attacks upon the courts and other theories which at times he sanctioned overhastily in the past. But he is unfortunate in his manner of expressing that disavowal.

A party platform is not political holy writ. The American people choose for president a man, not a clerk, to carry out the orders of a convention committee. A platform is not a prophetic code of conduct, but a summary of basic principles, to be altered, amended or enlarged according to the country's needs.—Philadelphia North American.

Union Labor Vote.

Hon. William H. Buchanan is one of the leading union men of western New York and in 1907 was the Democratic candidate for assemblyman in Chautauqua county. This is what he has to say of the effort of Mr. Gompers to turn the labor vote over to Mr. Bryan:

"I am a union labor man, and I want to say further that no man can carry the labor vote into the Democratic camp. I know how union labor men feel in this city, and three-fourths of them will stand by the Republican party because only in that way have they the assurance of freedom from the business disturbance that Mr. Bryan promises for at least four years if he can be elected. We workingmen can't earn wages if statesmen are put in office to disturb business and make trouble."

Campaign Funds.

"We welcome Mr. Taft to this advanced ground," said Mr. Bryan in one of his numerous interviews since the Denver convention. The ground referred to is Mr. Taft's statement that no campaign contributions would be received from corporations. Mr. Bryan intended to convey the impression that Mr. Taft had come to that determination after the Denver convention. In that the Democratic "peerless one" is not honest. Mr. Taft is a law abiding citizen. Such contributions are unlawful, made so by a law passed by a Republican congress at the instance of a Republican administration of which Judge Taft was a part six months before the Denver convention. Be honest, Mr. Bryan, if you can!

Keeping In the Spotlight.

Candidate Chafin, having fallen into the water tank out west and having stopped half a brick with his person at Springfield, will, if he is going to keep in the limelight, have to lose his diamonds or do a buck and wing with Mrs. Nation.—Minneapolis Journal.

Kernology.

It is said the Democratic vice presidential candidate is not a vegetarian after all. Kerniverous, eh? Help! Police!—New York Mail.

Not a Wail For Bryan.

"Let us have the worst," says the Brooklyn Eagle. That sounds like, though it isn't a declaration for Bryan. —New York Tribune.

Candidate Sherman has been presented with a loving cup. The next thing in order is to present Candidate Kern with a shaving cup.—Omaha Bee.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD
On and after Monday, May 29th, 1905, trains will run as follows from P.R.R. station:

WESTWARD. 1† Accom.	3† Exp.	5† Mail.			EASTWARD. 2† Mail.	4† Exp.	6 Accom.
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Lv.	Ar.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 30	10 15	5 00	Bellefonte		8 50	12 55	6 [illegible]
6 35	10 20	3 07	Coleville		8 46	12 40	6 [illegible]
f6 38	10 23	3 12	Morris		f8 37	f12 37	6 [illegible]
f6 48	f10 27	3 17	Stevens		f8 35	f12 35	6 [illegible]
			Lime Centre				
f6 46	f10 30	3 21	Hun'rs Park		f8 31	12 31	6 [illegible]
f6 50	f10 34	3 26	Fillmore		f8 28	f12 28	5 [illegible]
f6 55	f10 40	3 32	Br ariy		f8 24	f12 24	[illegible]
7 00	10 45	3 35	Waddles		8 20	12 20	5 [illegible]
f7 12	f10 57	3 50	Krumrine		f8 07	f12 07	[illegible]
7 25	11 10	4 05	State College		8 00	12 00	5 [illegible]
f7 27		4 10	Strubles		f7 45		4 [illegible]
f7 31		4 15	Bloomsdorf		f7 40		4 [illegible]
7 35		4 20	P. G. Mills		7 35		4

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 and 6 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

fStop on flag
†Daily except Sunday

W. G. THOMAS, Supt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. June 17 1907. READ UP.

No. 1	No. 3			No. 2	No. 4
a m	p m	p m	LV	AR	p m	p m	p m
†7 05	†6 55	†2 20	Bellefonte	9 40	5 05	9 45
7 15	7 06	2 32	High	9 27	4 52	9 32
7 20	†7 11	2 37	Zion	†9 21	4 47	9 27
7 27	7 18	2 45	Hecla Park	9 25	4 41	9 15
7 29		2 47	Dunkles	9 13	4 38	9 13
7 33	†7 23	2 51	Hublersburg	†9 09	4 34	9 09
7 37	7 28	2 55	Snydertown	9 06	4 29	9 06
7 40	†7 30	2 58	Nittany	†9 04	4 27	9 05
7 42	†7 33	3 01	†Huston	†9 02	4 24	9 00
7 46	7 38	3 05	Lamar	†8 59	4 21	8 57
7 48	†7 40	3 08	Clintondale	†8 56	4 18	8 54
7 52	7 44	3 12	Krider's S'n'g	8 52	4 14	8 51
8 56	7 49	3 16	Mackeyville	†8 48	4 09	8 46
8 02	7 54	3 22	Cedar Springs	8 42	4 03	8 41
8 05	7 57	3 25	Salona	8 40	4 01	8 39
8 10	8 02	3 30	Mill Hall	†8 35	†8 56	[illegible]

			(NEW YORK CENT.)			
11 43	8 53		Jersey Shore		3 09	
12 15	[illegible]	Arr	WM'PORT	Lve	2 35	
12 30	[illegible]	Lve	WM'PORT	Arr	2 30	
			(PHILA AND READING RY)			
7 30	6 00		PHILA		†6 30	
10 20	9 00		NEW YORK (Via Phila)		†9 30	
p.m		Ar		Lv.	a.m	

†Week Days.

W. H. GEPHART,
Gen. Superintendent.

A Revelation

It is a revelation to people, the severe cases of lung trouble that have been cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. It not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs. L. M. Ruggles, Reasnor, Iowa, writes: "The doctors said I had consumption, and I got no better until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It stopped the hemorrhages and pain in my lungs and they are now as sound as a bullet." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

No one is immune from kidney trouble, so just remember that Foley's Kidney Remedy will stop the irregularities and cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

"Here's to your health and happiness" DeWitt's Little Early Risers—famous little pill. Nasty, sick headache or biliousness may come on any time; the cure is an Early Riser. Sold by Green's Pharmacy

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat A Candy Bowel Laxative
J. ZELLAR & SON.

Caught the General.

One of the regular army officers tells a story of how the old stringent army regulations once went against General Scott. One wet afternoon that soldier was caught in the rain in Washington. He was in full uniform and was well known, so, no cab being near, he borrowed an umbrella. Arriving at his hotel, an underofficer approached him and calmly remarked:

"General, you will consider yourself under arrest for eight days for carrying an umbrella while in full uniform."

His Solicitude.

"Is it a fact that your mother-in-law threw herself out of the third story window and you did nothing to restrain her?"

"Excuse me, I went to the first story to catch her, but she had already passed."—Dis to Rosa.

Complimentary to Him.

"Really," said Cholly Sappey, "I haven't understood Miss Rood at all. She actually called me a crank."

"The idea!" exclaimed Miss Cutting. "How flattering!"

"Flattering?"

"Yes; a crank, you know, is a man with one idea."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Delays Are Dangerous.

"This milk is sour, and I won't take it," declared the lady.

"That's your own fault, ma'am," retorted the dealer. "I offered it to you day before yesterday when it was fresh, and you wouldn't take it."—Cleveland Leader.

Wood's Liver Medicine

(In liquid form, pleasant to take)

For Chills, Fever and Malaria

Headache, Biliousness, Constipation and all other symptoms of deranged Liver quickly overcome. A tonic to the entire system,

Liver, Kidney, Bladder and Blood

The $1.00 bottle contains nearly 2½ times the quantity of the 50c size. Prepared only by the

PINEULE MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by C M Parrish.

Do You Want Beautiful Hair?

ED. PINAUD'S
(EAU DE QUININE)
HAIR TONIC

will make your hair heavy and lustrous, and keep it in fine healthy condition.

Try this celebrated French hair dressing, and see how quickly your hair improves.

Ed. Pinaud's Lilac Vegetal

is the best perfume for handkerchief, atomizer and bath.

Ask your dealer for this delightful perfume. Try it yourself—you will then know why it is the best selling perfume on the market.

Send 10c. for sample of either of these preparations.

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD

ED. PINAUD BLDG. — DEPT. M 15 — Fifth Avenue, New York.

Kleinert's DRESS SHIELDS

DOUBLE COVERED

WASHABLE

ODORLESS NO RUBBER

Every pair of Kleinert's Dress Shields is warranted. When properly used, we will not only refund money paid for shields that are not perfect, but will hold ourselves responsible for any resulting damage to gown.

Kleinert's Dress Shields are made in ten sizes, from size 1 to size 10. If your dealer does not keep the kind or size you want, send us 25c. for sample pair of either kind in size 3. If you want a larger size, add 5c. for each additional size.

Send for our Dress Shield Book.
It is worth reading. Sent free on application.

I. B. KLEINERT RUBBER CO.
721-723-725-727 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

W. B. Reduso CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduso No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil, hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 773, is the same as No. 772, but made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-subduing" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs., 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

The New Tribune Farmer is the most thoroughly practical, helpful, useful, entertaining, national illustrated agricultural and Family weekly in the United States.

PRICE $1.25 A YEAR.

Send your name for free sample copy

New York Tribune Farmer,
Tribune Building,
New York City.

Both of these papers one year for only $1.25 If you send your order and money to the Bellefonte Republican, Bellefonte, Penna.

THE Bellefonte Republican

A Local Family Newspaper, published at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., by Edward T. Tuten. Established 1869.

A complete history of Centre county and its people, therefore of interest to all interested in Centre county.

Subscription $1.50 a Year
If Paid in Advance $1.00
will be received.

Guaranteed Circulation 2000

The Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium In Central Pennsylvania.

	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Five inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or classified lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Business notices inserted in our local columns 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

Advertising 10 cents a line per insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisements at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EARLE C. TUTEN.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL

For President,
WILLIAM H. TAFT, of Ohio.

For Vice President,
JAMES S. SHERMAN, of New York.

STATE

Judge of Superior Court,
W. D. PORTER, of Allegheny

COUNTY.

For Congress,
GRAS F. BARCLAY, of Singemahoning.

For Assembly,
R. B. TAYLOR, of Bellefonte.

For Sheriff,
WILLIAM E. HURLEY, of Philipsburg

For County Treasurer,
GEORGE G. FINK, of Huston Twp.

For Recorder,
WILLIAM H. BROWN, of Bellefonte.

For Register,
EARLE C. TUTEN, of Bellefonte.

For County Commissioner,
JACOB WOODRING, of Worth Twp.
H. E. ZIMMERMAN, of Benner Twp.

For County Auditors,
R. D. MUSSER, of Gregg Twp.
H. B. PONTIUS, of Bellefonte.

For County Coronor,
Dr. S. M. HUFF, of Milesburg.

County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Committee of Centre County for the year 1908.

Harry Keller, Chairman, Bellefonte.

Hard P. Harris, Wilson I. Fleming, James C. Furst } Secretaries, Bellefonte

J. Thomas Mitchell, Treasurer, Bellefonte.

District	Name	Address
Bellefonte N W	Sam'l B. Miller	Bellefonte
" S W	R. B. Montgomery	"
" W W	Earle C. Tuten	"
Centre Hall Boro,	B. D. Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard Boro	Dr. W. J. Kurtz	Howard
Milesburg Boro	Dr. S. M. Huff	Milesburg
Millheim Boro	J. Spigelmyer	Millheim
Philipsb'g 1st W	Harry K. Kroffer	Philipsb'g
" 2nd W	H. J. Goss	"
" 3rd W	J. T. Boalich	"
Snow Shoe Boro, W	A. Sickel	Snow Shoe
S. Philipsburg	Daniel Stine	Philipsburg
State College Boro,	Chris Evey	State College
Unionville Boro	Jos. Barton	Unionville
Benner twp. n p	Geo. G. Hastings	Bellefonte
" " s p	David Rhinesmith	"
Boggs twp. n p	J. F. Rickard	Yarnell
" e p	H. R. Curtin	Curtin
" w p	David Baldridge	Milesburg
Burnside twp.	Edward Craft	Moshannon
College twp.	Jacob S. Herman	Lemont
Curtin twp. n p	I. Fred Young	Orvis
" s p	John A. Daley	Howard, r f d
Ferguson twp. e p	J. L. Reed	Pine Grove
" w p	C. R. Hess	Penn'a Furnace
Gregg twp. n p	Isaac Smith	Spring Mill rfd 1
" e p	Samuel Ulrich	"
" w p	Wm. M. Allison	"
Haines twp. e p	C. D. Motz	Woodward
" w p	James S. Weaver	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon twp.	C W Hunter	Stormstown
Harris twp	Dr. L E Kidder	Boalsburg
Howard twp.	Ralph Schenck	Howard
Huston twp.	G. G. Fink	Martha
Liberty twp. e p	F. M. Pletcher	Blanchard
" w p	Henry Clark	Monument
Marion twp.	R. H. Bennison	Mill Hall R F D
Miles twp. e p	M. W. Adams	Livonia
" m p	G. H. Gramley	Rebersburg
" w p	Charles Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton twp.	Wm. G. Murtorff	Benore
Penn twp	T. B. Motz	Coburn
Potter twp. n p	Robert M. Smith	Centre Hall
" s p	Edward Allison	Spring Mills rfd 3
" w p	Lloyd Smith	" " 4
Rush twp n p	Thomas Dubbs	Philipsburg
" e p	Harry Potts	Munson
" s p	W. O Hale	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe twp e p	D. Chambers	Clarence
" w p	T. D. Weaver	Moshannon
Spring twp. n p	Wm. J. Swarmer	Bellefonte
" e p	Wm A. Hoover	Pleasant Gap
" w p	Snyder Tate	Pleasant Gap
Taylor twp.	A. R. Price	Port Matilda R F D
Union twp	E. P. Barton	Fleming
Walker twp. m p	J. H. Bathmel Hubiersburg	
" s p	James C. Nolan	Nittany
" w p	Christ Decker	Zion
Worth twp.	H. C. Woodring	Port Matilda

EDITORIAL.

A Republican congress is necessary to uphold a Republican president. Don't forget this vital fact when you come to vote in November.

Having read Bryan's speech of acceptance, did you find in it any inference to the history of the Democratic party, and allusion to its record? It contained nothing of the kind, and the reasons are too obvious to need pointing out.

The efforts of the Democratic newspapers to make the Republicans feel that they should not be overconfident on account of what Vermont did, deserve appreciation. There is always danger of taking matters too easy when everything is going one way.

WHY THE G. O. P. SHOULD WIN OUT

Able Presentation of Issue at Outset of Campaign.

PROUD RECORD OF GREAT PARTY

It Stands For Expansion, For Progress and Prosperity, Is Constructive, It Organizes the National Will, Is a Party of Statesmen, and With Taft and Sherman As Its Standard-Bearers Is Bound to Be Successful at the Election to Be Held In November.

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, Sept. 8.

In meeting the issue "Why the Republican party should be successful next November," the Republican congressional committee sought the brightest literary minds in the country to present the case in a brief and forcible manner, and from among 200 articles upon the subject submitted, that written by Frank Hendrick, of New York city, was awarded the first prize of $150.

This is what Mr. Hendrick wrote:

The Party of Expansion.

"The Republican party was founded upon the principle that this government was established to protect for all times the rights and opportunities of every individual from abridgment. That principle it has successfully maintained. Through the Civil War it consecrated a reunited country to free and equal American citizenship. It has kept the channels of interstate commerce open for all, through the national banking system, the refunding of the national debt, resumption of specie payments, the gold standard and the emergency currency law, has sustained the life current of national integrity.

"As trustee of the national wealth, it has investigated mineral regions, surveyed soils, developed waterways, including the Panama canal, irrigated deserts, conserved watersheds, and husbanded the public lands. Protecting American labor by regulating immigration and by taking at the custom house, to pay American taxes, foreign capital's advantage from low wages, it has preserved to American industries the home market of eighty millions of the world's greatest consumers and so laid the surest basis for American competition in foreign markets. Uniting capital and labor, thus, in a common prosperity and common source of increased reward, it has created opportunities, improved conditions of employment, brought about a higher standard of living, and more widespread distribution of wealth and well-being, and made expansion moral as well as material.

"Intrusted with insular possessions, it has brought them peace and progress, and provided for the extension and protection of American trade, for the national defense, and for the honorable discharge of the responsibilities of world greatness. Maintaining peace at home, with foreign nations and among them, it has given American rights and American opportunities new meaning throughout the nation and throughout the world.

The Party of Progress and Prosperity.

"Promising progress and prosperity, it has been politically sincere. It has never had a candidate of a section, prejudice, or class, nor a platform of negation, scheme of repudiation, program of scuttle or doctrine of despair. It has never lent itself to a demand for revolution, to be followed by reaction and retrogression, it has stood firm for evolution by constant, steady and enduring progress. Finding trusts, giant-born, flourishing under supposed conflict of state and national law, the double prohibition of existence serving but to foster their development, it has never, in an attempt to destroy trusts, withdrawn, in state or nation, the protection of law from prosperity, but has, through executive investigation and resort to the courts, resolved the conflict which had silenced law and given trusts existence.

"It has never proposed to advance American workingmen and American institutions by banishing American industries and building up those of other lands, and scorned to insult labor with an illusionary promise of immunity from law. Yet it passed the pure food law and the employers' liability law, secured equal accommodations on railroads, aided agriculture, created the civil service, established free rural mail delivery, reduced foreign postage, and increased pensions. Continuing naturally marked-out progress, it will keep its pledges of tariff readjustment, currency reform and development of the merchant marine, and make the United States the financial centre as it has made it the industrial centre of the world.

"In the evolution by which party government has become the extra-constitutional method of securing responsibility to the people, the Republican party has become their traditional representative and the Democratic party the organized aspiration of individuals for power without responsibility. Fairly tried, from 1893 to 1895, the two Democratic houses and the Democratic president were a 'wild team' and a helpless driver. Democracy agitates local differences, Republicanism organizes the national idea. In 1863 the people were committed to the cause of human liberty; the idea of 'Liberty and Union' expanded for the first time into the reality of the American nation.

"In 1879 money was committed to a specie basis; specie was at once, until 1893, no longer sought, and government bonds went to a premium at the reduced rate of interest. In 1896 business men were again committed to confidence; before a single statute was enacted prosperity set in and in ten years bank deposits almost trebled—a permanent gain which the recent panic, a 'state of mind' now completely dispelled, scarcely touched. In 1906 business was committed to fair methods; without compulsion violations largely ceased.

"The Republican party, at each period, sounded the public conscience, felt the national pulse, framed its policies in response, and realized in law the dominant American idea. Its constructive past assures its constructive future. It is today as it always has been, 'The Party Fit to Govern.'

The Party of Statesmen.

"The party of statesmanship, it has been the training school of statesmen. Its policies have been forged in the heat of public discussion, tempered in the deliberation and shaped in the conflict of many trained minds, and drawn and finally wrought for the country's welfare. Dominating its members through principles, it assures unity in government; its staunchest partisans have made the greatest contributions to national progress. The roster of its leaders is the national roll of honor of public service.

"Republicanism stands today for progressive policies in safe hands. By solving the constructive problems of world power in the last two administrations, William H. Taft taught the world our capacity and us his own. In all constructive legislation for twenty years James S. Sherman has been a leader. In the records of the Republican candidates as well is in the platform are written the story of the nation's progress and the reliance of the future.

"A Democratic president or a Democratic house would turn back those pages; thereafter Bryanism would record 'Destruction.' This the Republican senate could not prevent. Under Taft and Sherman and a Republican congress the great progress of the past will be held and the greater progress of the future will be assured."

Things Bryan Would Forget.

The most important, because the most curiously novel, feature of Mr. Bryan's address is his apotheosis of the party platform. A new doctrine of infallibility is embodied in these sentences at the very beginning of Mr. Bryan's speech:

A platform is binding as to what it omits as well as to what it contains. A platform announces a party's position on the questions which are at issue, and an official is not at liberty to use the authority vested in him to urge personal views which have not been submitted to the voters for their approval.

It is natural that Mr. Bryan should disavow certain "omitted issues," such as free silver, government ownership of railroads, the initiative and referendum, attacks upon the courts and other theories which at times he sanctioned overhastily in the past. But he is unfortunate in his manner of expressing that disavowal.

A party platform is not political holy writ. The American people choose for president a man, not a clerk, to carry out the orders of a convention committee. A platform is not a prophetic code of conduct, but a summary of basic principles, to be altered, amended or enlarged according to the country's needs.—Philadelphia North American.

Union Labor Vote.

Hon. William H. Buchanan is one of the leading union men of western New York and in 1907 was the Democratic candidate for assemblyman in Chautauqua county. This is what he has to say of the effort of Mr. Gompers to turn the labor vote over to Mr. Bryan:

"I am a union labor man, and I want to say further that no man can carry the labor vote into the Democratic camp. I know how union labor men feel in this city, and three-fourths of them will stand by the Republican party because only in that way have they the assurance of freedom from the business disturbance that Mr. Bryan promises for at least four years if he can be elected. We workingmen can't earn wages if statesmen are put in office to disturb business and make trouble."

Campaign Funds.

"We welcome Mr. Taft to this advanced ground," said Mr. Bryan in one of his numerous interviews since the Denver convention. The ground referred to is Mr. Taft's statement that no campaign contributions would be received from corporations. Mr. Bryan intended to convey the impression that Mr. Taft had come to that determination after the Denver convention. In that the Democratic "peerless one" is not honest. Mr. Taft is a law abiding citizen. Such contributions are unlawful, made so by a law passed by a Republican congress at the instance of a Republican administration of which Judge Taft was a part six months before the Denver convention. Be honest, Mr. Bryan, if you can!

Keeping In the Spotlight.

Candidate Chafin, having fallen into the water tank out west and having stopped half a brick with his person at Springfield, will, if he is going to keep in the limelight, have to lose his diamonds or do a buck and wing with Mrs. Nation.—Minneapolis Journal.

Kernology.

It is said the Democratic vice presidential candidate is not a vegetarian after all. Kerniverous, eh? Help! Police!—New York Mail.

CLEVELAND'S LAST WORD TO PARTY

Praised Taft and Called For Elimination of Bryanism.

[Special Correspondence.]

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 8.

Pennsylvania Bryanites are greatly exercised over the publication of Grover Cleveland's last political document, in which he forecasted the election of Judge Taft and recorded his opinion that the national Democracy will never regain its prestige until Bryanism shall be eliminated.

There is no doubt that these declarations have had far reaching influence among the conservative element of the Democracy of the Keystone State.

The Cleveland article was the first of a series which the late ex-president intended to write, but which his death cut short. It was copyrighted by the New York Times after permission to print it had been obtained from Frederick S. Hastings, executor of Mr. Cleveland's estate.

In this article Mr. Cleveland among other things said:

"With the other parties disorganized redeveloping and procreating, the Republican party is certain, though with a considerably lessened strength, to move on to a safe victory sustained by the popular support of reforms which should not redound to its glory solely those reforms having been the work of decent men of all parties. * * *

"Personally and officially I have had the opportunity of knowing many things concerning Mr. Taft that were not a matter of general knowledge, and with a keen interest I have watched his large share in the conduct of our national affairs in very recent years. His excellence as a federal judge in Cincinnati is something not to be underestimated or overemphasized, for should he come to the presidential chair the qualities which made him a judge of high ability, which I know him to have been, will be the most needful to him as president of the United States. His high ideals of honesty and of relative justive, his great capacity for severe labor and his humorous wisdom in the face of the serious problem are attributes equally valuable and commendatory to a people, seeking him in whom they may repose the trust of their collective interests while they turn their increased attention to their pressing individual demands.

After discussing problems resulting from national expansion, continuing he said:

Has Important Qualifications.

"These questions are fruitful of trouble and perturbation, and the primary requisite of the man or men who must deal with them is an abundant knowledge of the people of the outlying domain. That Mr. Taft is possessed of this knowledge as is no other man in the country is hardly to be denied; granted that he has had extraordinary opportunities, he has shown himself able to improve those opportunities in a manner which it is not extravagant to say will be his broadest claim so far to enduring fame when the acute visual distortion of the present and opportune shall have given place to the inexorable perspective of history in which the relative values of public deeds to public duties are completely clarified and announced to posterity."

Declined In Rebuttal.

Authoress (of the budding variety)—I got level with the editor last night. He always rejects my manuscripts. But I have had my revenge. Friend—How did you do it? Authoress—I declined his son with thanks.—Pick-Me-Up.

DENIES THAT BRYAN "COULD DO NO HARM."

Congressman Burke Says Office of President Is Infinitely More Powerful Than Congress.

Congressman James Francis Burke of Pittsburg in an address on "The Powers of the President" says:

"The American people can make no greater mistake than to elect Mr. Bryan on the assumption that he can do no harm in the face of an adverse senate. As between the executive and legislative departments of the government, the former has infinitely greater power to rule and ruin than the latter.

"Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan are wholly different types of men. Each possesses a strong individual character, which would certainly assert itself in the White House. What either of these men would do during a four years' term in the White House is causing as much anxiety among thoughtful Americans as the mere matter of the election alone.

"As a disturber of moneys the president is without a rival in the world. Through the agencies under his control he will this year disburse a billion dollars, showing the great things we are doing in adding to the unparalleled list of the world's achievements.

"In view of the fact that during the fifteen years of Bryan leadership the states controlled by his party have decreased from 23 to 12, the number of senators from 48 to 31, the number of representatives in congress from 220 to 164 and in that time the Democratic party was in control of the ground, whereas it is now, as a consequence of his teachings, a hopelessly heterogeneous mass of Populistic elements, the American people can see little prospects of a constructive policy if Mr. Bryan should succeed."

PROSPERITY PLACARDS

The Democatic nominee for vice president, one John W. Kern of Indiana, is moved to protest against the posting of prosperity placards in manufacturing establishments. He explains that these notices take the form of promises that a given factory will resume operations the day after Taft and Sherman shall have been elected, and this he declares is a species of coercion of voters which is manifestly unjust. As we have no knowledge that such placards are being displayed to any great extent, it is scarcely worth while to get as excited about them as Mr. Kern seems to be. Anything which smacks of driving or unfairly influencing voters should be discountenanced.

If Mr. Kern will pursue the subject a little farther, however, he will discover that the industrial situation for the coming winter and year depends very largely upon the result of the election. Republicans may go the length of admitting, if they choose, that prosperity cannot be assured by their party and that Mr. Bryan's election would not necessarily mean permanent disaster to the country. But there is no disputing the accuracy of the assertion that, whereas Mr. Taft's election would restore public confidence to a great degree and give a tremendous impetus to all lines of industry, development, improvment and promotion, the immediate effect of Bryan's election would be the direct opposite. No matter what the ultimate policy of Mr. Bryan, there would be a halt, especially of new business, all along the line. No man with $10,000 to invest, or to risk in a new enterprise, and much less any man or institution with $100,000 or $1,000,000, would think of laying it out until it had been determined fully just what Mr. Bryan as president intended to do, the extent of his disturbance of established conditions, the scope and effect of his proposed tariff revision, and the meaning and influence of his corporation and transportation "reforms." That is indisputable.

The question then is whether the voters of this country are prepared to venture upon the unknown field of Bryan experimentation, with all its uncertainties and possible dangers. Mr. Kern may protest all he pleases against prosperity placards but he cannot blind workingmen to the real issue with his little by-play ostensibly in their behalf.

SPELLING MATCHES.

In some of the counties of this state an effort is being made to revive the old time country spelling matches, so popular fifteen years ago. A half century ago a good speller was looked up to with as much veneration and respect as is the young man who nowadays wins honors on the baseball diamond. These old fashioned spelling schools were beneficial, also, because they taught the school pupils how to pronounce words, something which is lost sight of in many educational institutions in this country at present, then the spelling matches of long ago were sources of pleasure to the boys and girls who attended them and enjoyed a social hour.

U. S. DISPENSATORY

Describes the Principal Ingredients Contained in Pe-ru-na.

Are we claiming too much for Peruna when we claim it to be an effective remedy for chronic catarrh? Have we abundant proof that Peruna is in reality such a catarrh remedy? Let us see what the United States Dispensatory says of the principal ingredients of Peruna.

Take, for instance, the ingredient hydrastis canadensis, or golden seal. The United States Dispensatory says of this herbal remedy, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes, chronic rhinitis (nasal catarrh), atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), chronic intestinal catarrh, catarrhal jaundice (catarrh of the liver), and in diseased mucous membranes of the pelvic organs. It is also recommended for the treatment of various forms of diseases peculiar to women.

Another ingredient of Peruna, corydalis formosa, is classed in the United States Dispensatory as a tonic. So also is cubebs classed as a stomachic and as a tonic for the mucous membranes.

Cedron seeds is another ingredient of Peruna, an excellent drug that has been very largely overlooked by the medical profession for the past fifty years. The seeds are to be found in very few drug stores. The United States Dispensatory says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a substitute for quinine.

Oil of copaiba, another ingredient of Peruna, is classed by the United States Dispensatory as a mild stimulant and diuretic. It acts on the stomach and intestinal tract. It acts as a stimulant on the genito-urinary membranes. Useful in chronic cystitis, chronic dysentery and diarrhea, and some chronic diseases of the liver and kidneys.

Send to us for a free book of testimonials of what the people think of Peruna as a catarrh remedy. The best evidence is the testimony of those who have tried it.

Americans have degenerated into very poor spellers. The business man who has men in his emply who cannot spell correctly is seriously handicapped. Nothing affects a business man's credit and standing in the commercial world so much as the appearance of the letters he sends to wholesalers, ordering goods. If the spelling in these letters is wretched the merchant suffers by comparison and is looked upon as a slovenly business man. It is therefore essential that the young man who intends to enter business life should give considerable artention to spelling, and the spelling match is an excellent school in which to become proficient in this accomplishment.

Her Preference.

We sat upon the topmost step
And talked of this and that;
She asked me if I'd been away,
And how I liked her hat.

We chatted about various things,
Of novels and the weather;
For hours, on almost every theme,
We there conversed together.

I asked what paper she preferred;
She hesitated some,
While through the dark around we heard
The gay mosquito's hum.

She moved a little closer then,
And answered: "Shall I choose?
Why, the one of all that suits me most
Is the Bellefonte Daily News."

35th Annual

Encampment and Exhibition

Of The **Patrons of Husbandry** Of Central Penn'a

Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa.

September 12th to 18th, inclusive.

Encampment Opens September 12
Exhibition Opens Monday, Sept. 14

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodations for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implements, fruits, cereals, and every production of farm and garden.

The Pennsylvania State College will make a large display of the work of the College and State Experiment Station.

ADMISSION FREE.

LEONARD RHONE, Chairman.

GEO. DALE,
GEO. GINGRICH,
G. L. GOODHART, Com.

Correspondence.

Millheim.

On account of the continued dry weather, many wells in the borough are dry.

Isaac Shawyer was to Snyder county last week on business.

The many friends of E. F. Watt were very sorry to hear of his sudden death. Mr. Watt was well and favorably known in this locality among the merchants and others.

John Coldren who has been in the employ of the National Hotel, has severed his connection with that well known hotel, and has engaged in other business.

Frank C. Waters of Danville Sundayed in town.

W. E Reitz of Sunbury; F. W. Kellog of New York; H. E. Brown and W. H. Houser of Milroy; G. H. Spotts of Shamokin, E. D. Allbright and M. E. Dieffenderfer of Mifflinburg; C. R. Creveling of Bloomsburg; Chas. E. Fisher, of Boalsburg; A. J. Kauffman of York; T. L. Caldwell of Bellefonte had business here recently.

A. H. Breon has purchased an auto, which makes the third one in our town.

Attorney N. B. Spangler of Bellefonte had legal business here last week.

W. W. Dunkelberger of Shamokin, Walker Irvin, of W. Va., J. F. Levegood of Wood Haven, L. I.; A. C. Kilmer of Montgomery; John P. Hill, of Wilkes Barre; C. F. Robson and wife of Onicago, Charles E. Duncan and wife of Shamokin, registered at the National a few days ago.

The game of baseball on last Saturday between Millheim and Rebersburg at the Millheim grounds was won by the Millheim team, score 7 to 5.

D. I Neiman the merchant has returned from Boston and New York, and is now receiving his stock of fall and winter goods.

B Walter Kurtz of Johnstown was in town last week shaking hands with his old acquaintances.

Thomas Miller, mixologist at the National Hotel takes great pride in keeping the new bar in apple pie order. This bar is an up-to-date one in all its bearings. Pommie knows how to keep it in order and makes it very attractive by various decorations. No finer hotel bar in Centre county.

Quite a number of K. G. E. and others attended Laborday at Jersey Shore on Monday.

The painters have finished the houses of John Breon, George Ulrich and E B. McMullen and they command a fine outside appearance.

Ben Whiten, a porter at the Fallon House at Lock Haven, spent a few days in town this week. Ben is a colored person, is well behaved and rather intelligent.

Isaac Shawyer received a lot of peaches from Snyder county, and sold them to parties in town. They were fine fruit.

M. S. Weand, Pottstown, D. R. Parsley Lauralton; W. H. Smith, Mifflinburg, H. B. Kimpe, B F. Hackenberg, and George Mitter, Woodward and J. F. Herman, Bellefonte were in town on Monday.

Smullton.

Robert Hackenberg had the misfortune of losing a good horse. A stone bruise which ended in lock-jaw caused its death.

We are glad to note Miss Verna Smith who has been sick for nearly three months with inflammatory rheumatism, is slowly improving.

Our practical butter maker C. F. Winters had on last Wednesday an experience which he will never forget. He hired a horse to bring a load of wood from the saw mill of H. E. Donty, drove to the pile and proceeded to load up when he found he had to smoke his meercham pipe in doing so and talking at the same time he occupied to much time for the horse then the horse made up his mind to take a rest consequently laid down and grunted with ease, when the load was finished the horse was told to arise and take up his bed and walk off with his load to the land of pure delight (Smullton). The horse not being of the same mind heeded not his master's call, Clayton tried talking but no avail he sang "There will be glory for you when you get home" no response nor move and they tell your humble writer that Clayton wept, then the compassion of Dick was moved and he arose and went his way.

Domer S. Crouse from Feidler spent Sunday under the parental roof helping to get away with a spring chick.

Maud Winters is at present employed at Millheim at dressmaking.

Daniel Corman from Penn Hall was a visitor at the home of A. E. Strayer over Sunday.

The school children was seen on Monday wending their way to the house of knowledge.

Runville

O Jibuay Tribe No. 496 I. O. R. M. of Milesburg will hold a picnic on the Old Hunting ground at Yarnell in the Confe grove, Sept. 12, 1908. All the palefacer are invited to attend. Bring your baskes and Pocahontas along and have a day e outing with the Red Men. Come on come all and see the Pocohontas dance.

Those that attended the S. S. Convention at Fairview, Sept. 3rd were: Rev. O. T. Stewart, Eliss Hancock, J. O. Hoover, Mrs. Ida Poorman, Misses Elizabeth Dinger and Tacy Lucas, the latter lady which delivered a very interesting and appropriate recitation to a large number of hearers was complimented very highly for her address.

Carl Poorman is all smiles, he says, "It is a girl by Jove."

A festival will be held at this place Saturday eve, Sept. 12 for the benefit of the U. B. church, come everybody for this may be the last festival of the kind in Runville. The festival season is fast coming to a close.

Malcolm Poorman of Holts Hollow called at the home of James Watsons Sunday eve.

Miss Edna Rodgers of Osceola Mills is the guest of her cousin Eva Witherite.

William Crispen of Clarence was seen on our streets Sunday eve.

Howard.

Miss Mollie Breath of Lock Haven has been visiting her many friends in this section for the past week.

While Joseph Dunkle was preparing to start to town last Wednesday morning to make his delivery of milk his horse took freight and ran away. His delivery wagon was badly smashed in the runaway.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Weirick returned home Saturday from a delightful ten day's outing to the seashore.

Sergius Pletcher who had been visiting relatives and friends in this section for some time returned to his work at the National Capitol on Monday.

On account of the illness in the family Rev. Patterson was prevented from filling his appointment at the Christian chapel Sunday. Four members are now ill with typhoid fever.

The borough schools will open next Monday, Sept. 14

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Walker returned to Northumberland on Monday after a visit with friends here.

Misses Sue and Jennie Holter of Williamsport, who have been visiting their many friends and relatives here for some time returned home Monday.

Mrs. E. S. Latshaw of Curryville was a visitor in town on Monday night. During the winter she will make her home in Carlisle where her son Blair is attending Dickinson college.

The funeral of Edward Watt, which was held at this place Saturday was largely attended, both by the people of town and by friends from Williamsport.

The local base ball fans are well pleased with Howard's record for the past few games. If the boys can continue their winning streak they may yet land the pennant.

Charles Bower, of Minneapolis, is spending his vacation with his parents.

Miss Lulu Schenck left on Tuesday for Lock Haven where she will be a student at the Central State Normal school during the coming term.

D. T. Allison was a Bellefonte visitor on Tuesday.

The masons are now at work on the new German Reformed church. The edifice will be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible and when finished will make a very desirable house of worship.

It would require too much space to enumerate all the visiting members of the Schenck family who were here last week to attend the bi-ennial reunion, but most of them have been spending a week or ten days visiting among relatives.

David Hall of Unionville, visited his sister Mrs. H. C. Holter on Thursday of last week and attended the Schenck reunion.

Moshannon.

Miss Edith Lucas has been spending several days at the popular resort, Ocean Grove, N. J.

Thos. Gleason, Jr., made a trip to Howard this week.

Laura Williams was a visitor to Philipsburg recently.

Mrs. Wm. Crownover and daughter Elizabeth, of Stone Creek, Huntingdon county, visitited this week at the home of Miles Crownover, at this place.

Several of our "young folks" took in the corn roast at Pine Glenn, on last Thursday evening, and report a "husky" time.

Wm. Lucas, had the misfortune to lose quite a valuable horse recently.

The Lucas Cider Press at this place will be in operation on Tuesday and Wednesday of each week throughout the season. The apple crop is large and a good run is expected.

Miss Maude Rankin has gone to Clearfield where she will teach school this winter.

Preaching services were held in the Presbyterian church last Thursday evening by Rev. Platts and Rev. McGunner of Bellefonte.

Geo. Hudson and family of Philadelphia, visited a few days at the home of A. A. Groe, lately.

Edward Shannon is having a new roof put on his house.

Windy Hill.

Alma Hipple with her sister Mrs. Harry Viehdeffor went to her home in Unionville Saturday.

Ada Smith of Munson is visiting at Simeon Walker's.

A bright-eyed baby boy arrived at the home of Clyde Quick.

Quite a number attended the Catholic picnic at Drifting on Labor day.

When you go to see Ada put your cap in your pocket. How about it Tom?

Bruce Culver was an early caller at the home of his brother Frank on Sunday.

Amey Williamson and Sue Oswalt attended prayer meeting in the Advent church Friday eve.

Elizabeth Johnson and Irene Leader visited at the home of Jacob Williamson Monday.

Wonder what draws Norman Watson's attention to Posy Hollow.

Emma Maddiem has again returned to A. L. Craft's

Ethel Meredith, Nellie Fye, Laura Wagner and Mable Fye transacted business in Snow Shoe Saturday eve.

The Star school opened for another term on Tuesday.

Pine Glenn.

Grayce Vallimont returned home on Wednesday after visiting in Romola for two weeks.

Mrs. Robert Askey is visiting at Renovo.

Jerusha Daugherty who has been visiting her brother at Clearfield returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. Watson and family of Clearfield are visiting at the home of Edward Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook of Bellefonte are the guests of Mrs. Sallie Boak.

Millard Loy of Pittsburg is visiting at home.

Ruth Askey who has been visiting at Renovo returned home on Saturday.

Boston Daugherty moved into the vacant house on the Boak property.

The schools opened on Monday.

Snow Shoe.

Claude Irwin has been visiting Clarence quite frequently. What's the attraction Brownie.

Ernest Tate, a plummer of Bellefonte, who was working at the S. S. high school room was down to visit Blaundy last week.

Budd Tate and Edward Tate Waite, both assistant plumbers, of Bellefonte, took an evening stroll toward Clarence with lady friends. While Mr. Tate had gone to the hotel another young gentleman took his place.

L. L. Zimmerman died at his home in this place on Friday evening about five o'clock. He had been ailing about five years. Deceased was about 54 years of age.

The ball game played between Snow Shoe and Orvis on last Saturday was quite interesting, the Coal Barons winning the game by the score of 6—5. Mr. Fay pitched a very good game.

Philip Shaw, the hustling peach agent has been doing quite a business, he has sold quite a few bushel. M. D. Moonny does the delivering while Mr. Shaw receives the moo.

Robert Thompson has been an honorable guide along the road to Clarence these nights. How about it Baker?

Ha! Ha! Ha!

Richard Carle has came back to Broadway, and the town is all laughing. The popular songs of "Mary's Lamb" are all written by Carle, and The Sunday New York World has gotten the best of the programme now offered at the New York Theatre for distribution Sunday, Sept. 6. This great Carle song will be reproduced by arrangement with Witmark, the big song publisher.

Take Notice.

The public will please take notice that my wife Matilda Jane Williamson having left my bed and board I will not pay any bills contracted by her.

JACOB WILLIAMSON,
Moshannon, Pa.

Rep. 3mo.

Incorporation Notice

Notice is hereby given that on October 2nd, 1908, at 10 a. m. an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, by W. R. Cameron, G. W. Wood and John Benson, under the Act of April 29, 1875 and its supplements for incorporation of a company to be known as The Woodward Water Company, formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public at the Township of Woodward, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania; the purpased source of supply being Mountain Branch Stream in Rush Township, Centre County, Pa.

GORDON & BOULTON,
Solicitors.

The Horse's Power of Smell.

The horse will leave musty hay untouched in his bin, however hungry. He will not drink of water objectionable to his questioning sniff or from a bucket which some odor makes offensive, however thirsty. His intelligent nostril will widen, quiver and query over the daintiest bit offered by the fairest of hands, with coaxings that would make a mortal shut his eyes and swallow a nauseous mouthful at a gulp. A mare is never satisfied by either sight or whinny that her colt is really her own until she has a certain nasal certificate to the fact. A blind horse, now living, will not allow the approach of any stranger without showing signs of anger not safely to be disregarded. The distinction is evidently made by his sense of smell and at a considerable distance. Blind horses, as a rule, will gallop wildly about a pasture without striking the surrounding fence. The sense of smell informs them of its proximity.—Horse and Stable.

Naturalized.

An Italian went to the civil service commissioners' rooms to be examined for a laborer's position. He answered most of the questions correctly. Finally they asked him if he had ever been naturalized. He seemed a bit puzzled, but at last his face lighted up. "Ah, I know whata you mean. Scratcha de arm. Yes, lasta week."

Then He Stole.

Prudent Swain—If I were to steal a kiss, would it scare you so that you would scream? Timid Maiden—I couldn't. Fright always makes me dumb.

I have never known a man of real ability to be ungrateful.—Goethe.

THEIR ANONYMOUS LETTERS.

By C. B. LEWIS.

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Everybody, including themselves, said it was a love match between Kitty Rayne and Harry Smedley and that such love, trust and confidence were seldom to be found. It did not all end with the honeymoon, as a certain crusty old bachelor predicted, but when they had been married a whole year the doves were still cooing.

Then one evening Mrs. Smedley had a lawn party, and as half a dozen people sat together it was announced that the writer of an anonymous letter had succeeded in separating a certain man and his wife. All expressed their sorrow and indignation, but host and hostess felt called upon to go further.

"The husband who will pay the slightest attention to an anonymous letter should be tabooed from association with all sensible people," was the observation of the husband as he placed his arm around his wife's waist. "No one but a coward writes those letters, and no one but a coward would act upon them."

"If I should get a hundred anonymous letters concerning Harry I should only laugh at them," added the wife as she kissed him before them all.

Three mornings later at his office Mr. Smedley received a letter. As it was addressed in the handwriting of a

SOMETHING OCCURRED TO CHANGE HIS PLAN.

woman he felt quite a bit of curiosity about it. He opened the envelope to find it contained an anonymous letter—no date, no signature, just the words:

"Watch your wife and you will discover"—

The young husband laughed and started to tear up the missive. Then he restrained his hand, and his laugh faded to a grin. It was a good joke to send him such a missive. He would carry it home at noon and laugh over it with his little wife.

When the coward picked him out to receive such a warning he took the wrong man. He whistled and put the letter in his pocket and began his work. It was funny. It would raise a laugh. They would show it to their circle, and others would laugh with them. Five minutes later he was saying to himself:

"Watch your wife and you will discover"—

Discover what? he mentally kicked himself for asking, and yet the query kept bobbing up. A contemptible coward of a woman wrote that unfinished sentence and wrote it to make trouble. If he could find her out she should suffer for it. Discover anything wrong on the part of his pure hearted little wife! The idea was villainous.

He put it aside again and again and felt himself almost as mean as the writer when it bobbed up again. The forenoon was so long that he left the office half an hour before 12 and started for home. He wanted to show the letter to his wife and have a laugh over it, but something occurred to change his plan.

He was within a block of the house when a man came out, gave a look up and down the street and hurried away. Then, too, as he entered the door his wife exclaimed in surprise and almost demanded to know why he was half an hour ahead of his time. He kissed her, but it was a perfunctory kiss. She nestled up to him, but he thought he could feel her trembling.

At 9 o'clock that same morning the carrier had left a letter for her in a man's handwriting. She opened it, thinking that it might be a bill from the grocer, and the next moment her merry laugh rang out.

"Watch your husband and you will discover"— were its sole contents.

Watch Harry? For what? Suspect him of what? It was an anonymous letter, but it was too funny. She felt like running out and showing it to the girl in the kitchen. She would go and show it to a couple of her friends and let them enjoy the laugh with her.

She put on her hat. Then she halted. The laugh had died away. Could there be anything in it? Was it possible that Harry was deceiving her? No, never! She would tear up the letter and never refer to it. No, she would not. She would keep it, and they would have a great laugh over it at noon.

She held to this last resolve for half an hour, and then the missive was hidden away, and she was going about the house with pale cheeks and compressed lips. At 11 o'clock the door bell rang, and a traveling clock tinker asked if she had anything in his line to do. He set an obstinate clock going and collected a quarter for his skill.

He was the man whom the husband saw glide furtively away. You will always read furtiveness in a clock tinker's movements if the sun happens to shine on him just right.

So it happened that neither letter was produced to be laughed over. There was constraint, and both husband and wife felt it. They were no longer natural in their behavior, and that very fact aroused suspicions.

"She is deceiving me" and "He is deceiving me" were what they were saying to themselves, and the seed planted by the anonymous letter writer had taken fair root. At any moment during the next month had both letters been produced all would have been made plain and the situation would have been cleared up in ten minutes. But they were not produced. They were treasured.

The strained relations became painful, but what could either do? They could not accuse each other on an anonymous letter. They did a great deal of thinking, however.

It so happened that both had been engaged previous to their own engagement. What did "Watch your wife and you will discover" mean except that Kitty's old lover was writing to her, seeing her secretly, persuading her that he could never, never love another and suggesting an elopement to a faraway isle?

The letter carrier was questioned as to what letters he delivered at the house. A private detective was paid $5 a day to search the town for the old lover. The boy that mowed the lawn was instructed to keep watch on all life insurance and sewing machine agents calling at the house, and the husband began to feel himself a Sherlock Holmes.

Something was also done on the other hand. Night after night as the husband lay sleeping—for even jealous husbands do sleep—a form clad in white might have been seen going through his pockets in search of damaging evidence.

His weekly visits to his Masonic lodge had to be verified. If he went out in the evening to order soap at the grocery he was followed. Of course he must in some way be in communication with his old love and have abandonment or divorce in view. Just let him try it! If he ran away he should be brought back in chains. If he applied for a divorce she would fight the case to the last court in the land.

Naturally their set noticed that something was wrong, strive as the couple might before company, but no one knew just what was the trouble, and for once the mutual friend did not interfere and make matters worse.

A more miserable couple did not exist, but no explanations were asked for or volunteered. Anything of the sort would have been taken for falsehoods.

"Watch your wife" and "Watch your husband" were watchwords ever before them. Separation, at least, must have been the ultimate result had not the jokers finally decided to show their hands. One morning as the young husband reached his desk another letter in a certain chirography awaited him. His heart gave a jump. In this he would be told something specific. He dreaded to open it, and yet he thirsted for the solution.

After a hesitation lasting five minutes the envelope was torn away. The next moment a bareheaded man, holding a sheet of note paper in his hand, was running down the street. A block from home he encountered a woman, also on the run and also holding an open letter in her hand.

"Kitty, my darling!"

"Oh, my dear Harry!"

"I just got this by mail."

"And I just got this."

And when they recalled that every woman in the block was watching them they compared notes. He read:

—"that she is using Allen's hair tonic on her hair!"

And hers:

—"that your Harry is getting a bald spot on top of his head!"

And then the doves came back and cooed and never flew the coop any more.

An Expert.

In one of the interior towns there lives a farmer who brings butter, eggs and produce to market, and, being illiterate, also brings with him his son to do the "figuring."

The other day the son was ill and the old man had to venture alone. For awhile he got along pretty well by letting his customers do the figuring, but presently he sold two rolls of butter to a woman who could not figure any better than he.

The farmer was much puzzled, but, being resolved that she should not know that his early education had been neglected, he took a scrap of paper from his pocket and began. He put down a lot of marks on the paper and then said:

"Let's see; dot's a dot, figure's a figure, two from one and none remains, with three to carry—$1.50, madam, please."

She paid over the $1.50, took the butter home, had it weighed and "figured up" by her daughter, who discovered that the price should have been $2.10 instead of $1.50.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Little dogs start the hare, but great ones catch it.—Italian Proverb.

Register's Notices.

The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's office for the inspection of heirs and legatees creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county for confirmation on Wednesday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1908.

1 The account of Robert F. Hunter, Trustee appointed by the Orphan's Court to sell the real estate of Benjamin F. Hunter, deceased, in proceedings in partition.

2 The first and final account of J. Calvin Goheen, J. Mack Goheen, Harry E. Goheen, and Belle Goheen, Executors of John J. Goheen, deceased, of Ferguson township.

3 The first and final account of Charles G. Hall, Administrator of &c., of Sarah J. Hall, late of Union township, deceased.

4 The first account of J. Elmer Miller, Executor of Elias Miller, late of Miles township deceased.

5 The first and final account of Jame F. Hoover, administrator of Mary A. Hoover, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

6 The first and final account of Claude Cook, Guardian of George W. Meyer a minor child of A. E. Meyer, deceased.

7 The Account of C. D. Moore, Administrator of Harriet Musser, deceased.

8 The first and final Account of John C. Wilson, Executor of Wilhelmina Wilson, late of Walker township, deceased.

9 The first and final Account of D. M. Kline Administrator of &c., of Harrison Kline, late of Bellefonte Borough, deceased.

10 The first and final Account of J. W. Barnhart and Belia Barnhart, Administrators of Elizabeth Barnhart, late of Spring township, deceased.

11 The first and final Account of J. W Barnhart and Belia Barnhart, Administrators of Sarah W. Barnhart, late of Spring township, deceased.

12 The Account of Martha S. Packer, Executor and Trustee appointed to sell the real estate of J. W. Packer, late of Curtin township, deceased.

13 The Tenth Account of George R. Meek, Trustee of the estate of Thomas R. Reynolds, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, deceased; Being from April 1st, 1907 to April 1st. 1908.

14 The Account of F. O. Hosterman, guardian of Maude Pifer, minor child of Luther B. Stover, deceased.

15 The second and final Account of John L. Heckman, Executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Markle, late of Walker township, dec'd.

16 The first and final account of R. J. P. Gray, Administrator of &c., of Wm. S. Gray, late of Half Moon township, deceased.

17 The first Account of W. G. Runkle, Trustee of the Estate of Clement Beckwith, late of Worth township, deceased.

18 The Account of L. A. Schaeffer, Guardian of B. Z. Miles, a Grandson of Z. D. Miles late of Milesburg Borough, deceased.

19 The first and final account of Wm Burnside Administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. under the will of Thomas Burnside, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

20 The first and final Account of T. Y. Stevens, Administrator of &c., of Tevilie A. Ardel late of Huston township, deceased.

21 The first and final Account of James Harris, Guardian of Elliot VanDevanter, as filed by Lavina Catherine Harris, and John Blanchard. Executors under the last will and testament of the said James Harris, deceased.

22 The final Account of W. C Patterson, Guardian of Minnie Snyder, a minor child of Sarah J. Snyder, late of College twp., dec'd.

23 The first and final account of John L. Cole executor of etc. of Edward T. Cole late of Spring Twp. deceased.

EARLE C. TUTEN
Register.

Legal Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following invortories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the provisions of the Act of the 14th of April 1851, have been confirmed Nisi by the Clerk of the Orphans" Court of Centre County, and if no exceptions be filed on or about the first day of next term, the same will be confirmed absolutely.

1. The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of William H. Bailey late of Ferguson township, deceased, as the same was set apart to his widow, Marcy C. Bailey.

2. The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Jacob M. Neidigh late of Haines township, deceased, as the same was set apart to his widow, Catherine Neidigh.

3. The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of John Frazier, late of Potter township, deceased, as the same was set apart to his widow, Ellen Frazier.

4. The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Isaac Long, late of Gregg township, deceased, as the same was set apart to his widow, Hannah J. Long.

EARLE C. TUTEN,
Register.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date the 4th, day of Aug. 1908, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the

4th MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER,

being the 28th day of Sept 1908.

and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justices of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 1sth, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 1st day of September 1908, in the year of our Lord 1908 and the one hundred and thirty-fifth year of the independence of the United States. HENRY KLINE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa April 21st.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of William B. Way, late of Half Moon Township, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of William B. Way late of Half Moon Township Centre County, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register to Mamie J. Evans, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

MAMIE J. EVANS,
Stormstown, Pa.
E-8-20-6t. Harry Keller, Attorney.

WILLIAM BURNSIDE
Miner and Shipper of Sand.

For all purposes
Silica Sand for Concrete work,
Plaster Sand,
Foundation Sand,
Foundry Sand.

We also blend sand as to color and quality to secure satisfactory results for special purposes.

Make your wants known.

Scotia Sand Co.
Benore, Penns.
Commercial Phone.

TRYING TO HOODWINK NEGROES

Democrats Pursuing Their Usual Double Faced Policy.

Upholding Disfranchisement In the South While Forming Colored Bryan Clubs In West.

[From the Baltimore Sun, Dem.]

General Winfield S. Hancock, who was the Democratic nominee for president in 1880, declared the tariff was principally a "local question"—that is to say, a Pennsylvania Democrat might be a protectionist for protection's sake, while a Democrat in Georgia or in Iowa might hold fast to the doctrine of a tariff for revenue only. The Massachusetts Democrat might be a free trader without reservation of any kind, while the West Virginia Democrat might be a free trader only with respect to commodities which were not produced by his own state. General Hancock's pronouncement was considered an ingenious evasion of the tariff issue, but it did not produce harmony in the Democratic party, and the general was defeated.

Twenty-eight years have passed since General Hancock defined the tariff as a local question upon which the Democrats of each state were free to act with regard chiefly to local interests. The principle which he then formulated seems to have been adopted by Democrats in the west in respect to the relation of the Democratic party to the negro. Last week the West Virginia Democratic convention embodied in its platform planks demanding certain qualifications for voters, designed to disfranchise many negroes. Their platform also contains a declaration in favor of separate coaches for white and negro passengers on railroads. The West Virginia Democrats not only refuse to hold out the olive branch to the negro and invite him into their fold, but they are determined to limit his political activity by a disfranchising law and to bring him under the operation of a "Jim Crow" law when he travels on the railroads of that state.

What Are the Promises?

Out in Nebraska and in Kansas the Democratic campaign managers are organizing negro voters into Bryan clubs. In Ohio no effort will be spared to secure the support of the negro voters for the Democratic national ticket. What pledges have been given and what inducements have been offered does not appear. But it is a fair inference that the managers have promised to do "something for the negro," perhaps to recognize him in the distribution of offices, if Mr. Bryan should be elected, and also to take such action as the negroes may demand in respect to the reinstatement of the negro battalion dismissed from the army by President Roosevelt for the attack on Brownsville. Last week when the West Virginia Democrats were declaring for a disfranchisement law and for a "Jim Crow" law the Democratic convention in the Twelfth congressional district of Ohio adopted a platform favoring "the enactment of laws which shall accord to all men accused of wrongdoing, whether soldiers or civilians, a fair and impartial trial and an opportunity to be heard before conviction or punishment." This apparently refers to the Brownsville incident. It may also have a broader meaning and a more extended application and may be susceptible of an interpretation which will make southern Democrats open their eyes with amazement and possibly with apprehension.

Race Question "Local Issue?"

There seems to be no ground for reasonable doubt that the Democratic campaign managers in the west, in the effort to secure negro support for their national ticket, are acting upon the principle that the race question is only a "local issue." It is evident that the south does not approve this plan of campaign, but is powerless to check it. The Democracy of the south is in full accord with the position taken by the West Virginia Democrats last week. And yet it is assumed by those who are trying to get negroes to support Mr. Bryan that the south will act in hearty co-operation with the Ohio, Nebraska, Kansas and Illinois Democrats who are welcoming the negro into fraternal fellowship in the Democratic party and probably promising to annul the decision of President Roosevelt in the Brownsville matter. The theory of the western Democrats that the race problem is merely a local issue is calculated to give the south much concern. Many Democrats in that section may question whether it is worth while to elect a Democratic president who may open wide the door of political opportunity to the negro.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Will cure any case of Kidney or Bladder Disease not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

Cures Backache
Corrects Irregularities
Do not risk having Bright's Disease or Diabetes

For sale at C M Parrish Drug Store.

OPEN SECRETS.

To overcome the well-grounded and reasonable objections of the more intelligent to the use of secret, medicinal compounds, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., some time ago, decided to make a bold departure from the usual course pursued by the makers of put-up medicines for domestic use, and so published broadcast and openly to the whole world, a full and complete list of the ingredients entering into the composition of his widely celebrated medicines. Thus he has taken the many users of his medicines into his full confidence. Thus too he has absolutely and completely removed his medicines from among *secret nostrums* of doubtful merits, and made them REMEDIES OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

Dr Pierce's medicines are now in a class all by themselves—being absolutely and in every sense Non-secret.

By this bold step Dr. Pierce has shown that his formulas are of such excellence that he is not afraid to subject them to the fullest scrutiny.

Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous medicine for weak stomach, torpid liver or biliousness and all catarrhal diseases wherever located, have printed upon it, *in plain English*, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works, of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing *in the strongest possible terms*, each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any one sending address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. R.V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this booklet it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents and that they are made from native, medicinal roots of great value; also that some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native, medicinal plants was gained from the Indians.

As made up by improved and exact processes, and with the use of specially designed chemical apparatus, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health.

The *exact proportion of the several* ingredients used in these medicines, as well as the working formula and peculiar processes, apparatus and appliances employed in their manufacture, are withheld from publicity that Dr. Pierce's proprietary rights may not be infringed and trespassed upon by unprincipled imitators and those who may be piratically inclined.

Dr. John Fyfe, of Saugatuck, Conn., Editor of the Department of Therapeutics in THE ECLECTIC REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) one of the chief ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription: "A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator and always favors a condition which makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system, cannot fail to be of great usefulness and of the utmost importance to the general practitioner of medicine."

"Helonias more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted.* In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent."

"The following are among the leading indications for Helonias: Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhea; atonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys: menorrhagia, ("flooding") due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhea, arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and an anemic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensation in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which is rich in all the medical properties of Unicorn root, or Helonias.

MEN AND WOMEN

should have a good medical book handy. They should have a book that treats of the sexological relations of the sexes as well as how and when to advise son and daughter. A standard work is the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by R.V. Pierce, M. D. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the latest thoroughly revised, cloth-bound book, or 21 stamps for the paper-covered volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Chafin Needs an Ark.

"Never since the flood has water reached such a high tide as at present," says the dry candidate for president. Looks as if he might be swept away in the freshet.

Rattling the Skeleton.

Eugene W. Chafin, the Prohibition candidate, was born in Waukesha, Wisconsin's foremost watering place.—New York Mail.

None of the Bryan phonograph records has the speeches advocating free silver and immediate government ownership of the railways, nor have they the "great commoner's" attacks on Roger Sullivan, Colonel Watterson and Guffey. These omissions tell an important story.

TAFT'S KINDNESS TO BLIND

Overrules Washington Monument Regulation For Benefit of the Sightless.

The kind heartedness of Mr. Taft and his sincere, common sense sympathy with the unfortunates in this world has just been brought to the attention of the blind in a peculiar way.

Away up in the top of the Washington monument, where thousands go to behold the beauties of the nation's capital, the Columbia Polytechnic Institute, which seeks to make it possible for the adult blind of the United States to rise above conditions of dependence by becoming self sustaining, placed on sale souvenir post cards manufactured by its blind. Some sentimental persons took the view that this was undignified and succeeded in having the superintendent of public buildings and grounds order the cards removed. F. E. Cleaveland, principal of the institute, appealed to Mr. Taft, then secretary of war and within whose jurisdiction came the office of public buildings and grounds. It took only a few words to convince the secretary that the blind should have the benefit of this privilege, and the cards were again placed on sale in the monument.

"For this action," said Principal Cleaveland in discussing the incident, "Mr. Taft deserves the gratitude of every blind person, particularly the progressive blind, who are striving to help their less fortunate fellows."

PLANKS IN WEST VIRGINIA DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Jim Crow Plank.

We favor the enactment of a law requiring common carriers engaged in passenger traffic to furnish separate coaches or compartments for white and colored passengers.

Elective Franchise Plank.

Believing that the extension of the elective franchise to a race inferior in intelligence and without preparation for the wise and prudent exercise of a privilege so vital to the maintenance of good government was a mistake if not a crime committed by the Republican party during the reign of passion and prejudice following the civil war for political ends and purposes, we declare that the Democratic party is in favor of so amending the constitution as to preserve the purity of the ballot and the electorate of the state from the evil results from conferring such power and privilege upon those who are unfitted to appreciate its importance, as it affects the stability and preservation of good government.

Taft's Religion.

To dispose of questions which should not be asked us speedily as possible let us say that Mr. Taft is not a Roman Catholic. He is a member of the Unitarian church. That was the church of his parents, and he has never separated himself from it. His wife, however, is an Episcopalian, and he worships more often beside her in her church.

These are the facts, which are utterly and absolutely unimportant. The matter of a man's religion has no rightful place in consideration of his fitness for the presidency. The constitution of the nation, ordained and established "to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," expressly places the very suggestion of such thought outside the pale of patriotism.

No words can be clearer than these from our country's fundamental law, "No religious test ever shall be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States."

The numerous queries about Mr. Taft's religious belief show simply the extent to which his enemies have gone to rouse some prejudice against him. Since there was no spot upon his whole clean record of private conduct and public service to which they could point to Taft's detriment they displayed their willingness to descend to any depth of petty, cowardly, contemptible attack that might do him harm.—Philadelphia North American.

Same Old Story.

Taft talked "straight talk" to his countrymen about every issue that engrosses the thoughts of Americans today. Bryan promises a series of postscripts to dispose of tariff, railroads, currency, trusts and everything else of real importance. And then he engages in one of his melancholy searches after a "paramount issue" and finds it in the rhetorical, fustian and tinsel platitude, "Shall the people rule?"

It is the old, old story. The garb of the conservative does not sit well upon the born Crusader. Mr. Bryan has put forth a tactful, smoothly phrased bundle of generalities, and he has done so at the very moment when the mental appetite of the whole people is sharpened for strong meat and not wind pudding.

With a score of honestly disputed and important questions open, he chooses deliberately to select as the chief issue of the campaign a query to which there is absolutely no negative response—"Shall the people rule?" The people always have ruled and always will rule.—Philadelphia North American, Aug. 15, 1908.

Reciprocal Boosting.

Judge Parker is laboring for the Bryan cause in California, which recalls the fact that Bryan's campaign in Nebraska for Parker kept the Republican majority in the state down to 86,000.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Mr. Bryan criticises Mr. Taft for adding to the Republican platform. In the meantime the number of "planks" in the Democratic platform is growing.

They're All Like This.

A young and pretty schoolteacher once asked her class for an original definition of the word "wife."

"A wife is a rib," said one little girl.

"Wives are guiding stars," said another.

"A comforter," said a third.

"An inspiration," said a fourth.

Altogether the definitions were rather prosy and commonplace, but finally a child of eleven, smiling archly, said:

"A wife is a person for a man to find fault with when things go wrong."

"Good!" cried the pretty teacher, laughing. "Good! That is the best definition of all, the best, the truest!"

But that afternoon on the way home from school the little girl whose definition had so pleased tripped demurely up to the teacher and said:

"Are you going to marry that tall, handsome young man I see you with nearly every night?"

"Yes," said the teacher.

"Well, then, if my definition of a wife was true"—

"Ah, but, dear, with us nothing will ever go wrong. He says so himself."

The Horse's Power of Smell.

The horse will leave musty hay untouched in his bin, however hungry. He will not drink of water objectionable to his questioning sniff or from a bucket which some odor makes offensive, however thirsty. His intelligent nostril will widen, quiver and query over the daintiest bit offered by the fairest of hands, with coaxings that would make a mortal shut his eyes and swallow a nauseous mouthful at a gulp. A mare is never satisfied by either sight or whinny that her colt is really her own until she has a certain nasal certificate to the fact. A blind horse, now living, will not allow the approach of any stranger without showing signs of anger not safely to be disregarded. The distinction is evidently made by his sense of smell alone at a considerable distance. Blind horses, as a rule, will gallop wildly about a pasture without striking the surrounding fence. The sense of smell informs them of its proximity.—Horse and Stable.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Cured Hay Feverand Summer Cold.

S Nusbaum, Watesville, Indiana writes: "Last year I suffered for three months with a summer cold so distressing that it interfered with my business. I had many of the symptoms of hay fever, and a doctor's prescription did not reach my case, and I took several medicines which seemed only to aggravate it. Fortunrtely I insisted upon having Foley's Honey and Tar. It quickly cured me. My wife has since used Foley's Honey and Tar with the same success." Sold by C. M Parri

Colds That Hang On

Colds that hang on in the spring deplete the system, exhaust the nerves, and open the way for serious illness. Take Foley's Honey and Tar. It quickly stops the cough and expels the cold. It is safe and certain in results.

Attention, Asthma Sufferers

Foley's Honey and Tar will give immediate relief to asthma sufferers and has cured many cases that had refused to yield to other treatment. Foley's Honey and Tar is the best remedy for coughs, colds and all throat and lung trouble. Contains no harmful drugs. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

ManZan Reaches the spot. Stops pain. The Great Pile Remedy. Put up in tubes with rectal nozzle, 50 cents. Sold by C M Parrish.

ManZan Pile Remedy comes ready to use, put up in a collapsible tube with nozzle attached. One application proves its merit. Soothes and heals, reduces inflammation and relieves soreness and itching. For all forms of Piles. Price 50c. Guaranteed. Sold by CM Parrish

"Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."—J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

—Agents wanted everywhere. Either sex, to collect special class of Names and Addresses. Nothing to sell or advertise. Liberal terms. Universal Directory Co. Department 14, 1133 Broadway, New York.

A Boon to Elderly People

Most elderly people have some kidney or bladder disorder, that is both painful and dangerous. Foley's Kidney Remedy has proven a boon to many elderly people as it stimulates the urinary organs corrects irregularities and tones up the whole system. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at once and be vigorous. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

How to Avoid Appendicitis.

Most victims of appendicitis are those who are habitually constipated. Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation by stimulating the liver and bowels and restores the natural action of the bowels. Foley's Orino Laxative does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. Sold by C M. Parrish.

Grippe is sweeping the country. Stop it with Preventics, before it gets deeply seated. To check early colds with these little Candy Cold Cure Tablets is surely sensible and safe. Preventics contain no Quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Pneumonia would never appear if early colds were promptly broken. Also good for feverish children. Large box, 48 tablets, 25 cents. Vest pocket boxes 5 cents. Sold by Greens Pharmacy

Indigestion

by [illegible] symptom of, and not in [illegible] think of Dyspepsia. Hardly [illegible] as real diseases, yet they are symptoms [illegible] of a certain specific Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct to the stomach nerves, alone brought that success and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. Without that original and highly vital principle, no such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had.

For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad breath and sallow complexion, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

J. ZELLAR & SON.

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Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property—for after a fire one can only accept the result

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

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If a cough once gets into your system it acts on every muscle and fibre of the body and makes you ache all over. It especially affects the intestines and makes you constipated, so in order to get rid of a cold thoroughly and without delay you should not take anything that will tend to constipate. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup acts upon the bowels and thereby drives the cold out of the system. It contains no opiates—it is pleasant to take and is highly recommended for children. Sold by Green's Pharmacy.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia
For sale by C M Parrish

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safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed, with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

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THE WOMAN WHO COUGHED.

Catarrh had nearly ruined me. It had eaten away the partition in my nose; produced Asthma, Bronchitis, Rheumatism; ruined my stomach; in fact, gone all through my system. Then Grip finished me. I was a wreck; took cold at nothing; and coughed day and night. The doctors dosed me with opium and quinine. No good. Cough "cures"? Bah! Then Brazilian Balm renovated me. Killed every germ. Took 10 $1.00 bottles. Now I'm like a girl of 18.
MISS L. D. CLARK, Indianapolis.

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REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY

THE GREAT REVIVO REMEDY
"Made a Well Man of Me."

produces fine results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when others fail. Young men can regain their lost manhood, and old men may recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and quietly removes Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Sexual Weakness such as Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off approaching disease. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00. We give free advice and counsel to all who wish it, with guarantee. Circulars free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

For sale by C M Parrish.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER ONE.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, and to give the General Assembly power to establish a separate court in Philadelphia county, with criminal and miscellaneous jurisdiction.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, That the following amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same are hereby, proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas, shall be vested in one court of common pleas in each of said counties, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of each of the said courts shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in each of said courts may be, by law, increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first Monday of January succeeding its adoption.

Section 2. That article five, section eight, be amended by making an addition thereto so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 8. The said courts in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny respectively shall, from time to time, in turn, detail one or more of their judges to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said counties, in such manner as may be directed by law: Provided, That in the county of Philadelphia the General Assembly shall have power to establish a separate court, consisting of not more than four judges, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction in criminal cases and in such other matters as may be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER TWO.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, allowing counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, or other municipal or incorporated districts, to increase their indebtedness.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That section eight, article nine, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, reading as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," be amended, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article of said Constitution, so that said section, when amended, shall read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed ten per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER THREE.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:—

He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which reads as follows:—

"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years, and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished," so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—

"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:—

All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—

County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared, that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office on the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Newton's Light Theory.

Sir Isaac Newton earned worldwide fame by showing that gravitation, previously recognized only at the surface of the earth, is operative throughout the universe wherever there is matter. In another field of physics he was far less happy. His brilliant success in experimental optics came to be qualified, though not invalidated, by a faulty interpretation of the facts. He gave his name and powerful authority to the corpuscular theory of light. In Sir Isaac's view, the phenomenon of luminosity is produced by corpuscles—exceedingly minute particles of matter—which are projected continuously from the sun, stars and all other luminous bodies. But his corpuscles failed to elucidate all the appearances, and Sir Isaac's theory was finally deposed by an explanation which referred light to undulatory vibrations in the ether. It would be some comfort for the discoverer of universal gravitation, were he living now, to realize that the modern physicist is daily dealing with corpuscles flung off from matter at speeds fairly comparable with that of life itself.

Couldn't Help It.

A young lady tells the following story of an Englishman she met during a trip to Mexico:

The Englishman became acquainted with the American party while they were all guests at a winter hotel. Whenever the parents of the American girl proposed any trip the Englishman immediately begged to be made one of the party. He was to be included in a moonlight trip to a nearby mountain. After the Americans were ready to start they had to delay some fifteen minutes awaiting their guest's arrival. When he did arrive he electrified them by his comments on the reason for his delay. What he said was:

"I beg pardon for my beastly tardiness. Couldn't help it, don'cherknow. I had to bring my mother from the gardens first. It's a singular horrid bore, but one has to be kind to his mother, don'cherknow!" — Milwaukee Free Press.

The Queer Screw Plant.

There is nothing under the sun quite so quaint, so weird and witchlike as the pandanus prairies of Fiji. The pandanus, or screw plant, as it is called, is a most grotesque specimen of the vegetable kingdom even at the best and in the early stages of its growth. In its very young days it is of an extraordinarily screwlike shape and looks as though some unkind hand had taken hold of its long, swordlike leaves and twisted them round and round. Later on it straightens out a bit, and from it grow a number of tall wooden stilts. Its foliage is simple, a number of drooping, ragged tufts, for all the world like mops and very mournful looking. Among these mops hangs the fruit, in shape like a pineapple, made up of hard red and yellow kernels, woody and fibrous and quite uneatable from a European's point of view.

His Status.

The caste system is so deeply rooted among the people of India that Christianized Hindoos are still under its potent influence. For example, Mr. J. C. Oman, formerly professor of natural science in the government college at Lahore, tells in his book, "The Brahmans, Deists and Muslims of India," of the native Christian head master of a mission school who was asked in a court of justice what his religion was.

"Brahman-Christian," he replied.

The judge, who was a European, not recognizing such a sect, asked for more information.

"I am a Brahman-Christian," reiterated the head master. "I cannot call myself simply a Christian," he continued with some warmth, "when that Choorah (sweeper) there is also a Christian. I am a Brahman-Christian, sir."

Friday and Fortunes.

Two women who wished to make an appointment with a fortune teller who was pronounced "just splendid" by everybody who had patronized her were advised by the seer to come on Friday.

"That is, if you are not superstitious about Friday," she said. "Most people are. They regard Friday as such an unlucky day that they won't even have their fortune told them for fear they will hear something unlucky. That is why I advised you to come on that day. I will have plenty of time and won't have to put your cases through with such a rush."—St. Louis Republic.

An Equinox.

Tommy—Pa, what is an equinox? Pa—Why—er—it is—ahem! For goodness sake, Tommy, don't you know anything about mythology at all? An equinox was a fabled animal, half horse, half cow. Its name is derived from the words 'equine' and 'ox.' It does seem as if these public schools don't teach children anything nowadays!"

We Want You

To know that we are the exclusive Selling Agents in this vicinity

FOR "Rexall Remedies"

The medicines with a definite aim, one for every human ill, each one guaranteed by us to effect a perfect cure or we refund your money.

FOR Symond's Inn Spices

The Spices with a clean bill of health, guaranteed absolutely pure and free from adulteration of any kind. We added this line to supply a demand for a pure Spice that could not be filled from any other source.

FOR Liggett's Saturday Candy

A Queen among confections at a popular price. Regular fifty cent quality that we sell

Saturdays only, 29c.

FOR National Cigars

The Co-Operative Kings of the cigar trade. Co-operation gives you your cigars at half price all through your smoking list or doubles the quality of your smokes at the same old price.

Green's Pharmacy Co.,
The Rexall Store.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Halls Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Served as coffee, the new coffee substitute known to grocers everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, will trick even a Coffee expert. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Pure healthful toasted grains, nuts, etc. have been so cleverly blended as to give a wonderfully satisfying coffee taste and flavor. And it is "made in a minute", too. No tedious 20 to 30 minutes boiling. Sold by J. Zeller & Son.

August time, tells on the nerves. But that spirit less, no ambition feeling can be easily and quickly altered by taking what is known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Within 48 after beginning to use the Restorative, improvement will be noticed. Of course full health will not immediately return. The gain, however, will surely follow. And best best of all, you will realize and feel your strength and ambition as it is returning. Outside influences depress first the "inside nerves" than the stomach, Heart and Kidneys will usually fail. Strengthen these failing nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and see how quickly health will be yours again. Sold by J Zellers & Son.

—Try Admiral Coffee.

Women Who Wear Well.

It is astonishing how great a change a few years of married life often make in the appearance and disposition of many women. The freshness, the charm, the brilliance vanish like the bloom from a peach which is rudely handled. The matron is only a dim shadow, a faint echo of the charming maiden. There are two reasons for this change, ignorance and neglect. Few young women appreciate the shock to the system through the change which comes with marriage and motherhood. Many neglect to deal with the unpleasant pelvic drains and weaknesses which too often come with marriage and motherhood, not understanding that this secret drain is robbing the cheek of its freshness and the form of its fairness.

As surely as the general health suffers when there is derangement of the health of the delicate womanly organs, so surely when these organs are established in health the face and form at once witness to the fact in renewed comeliness. Nearly a million women have found health and happiness in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Ingredients on label—contains no alcohol or harmful habit-forming drugs. Made wholly of those native, American, medicinal roots most highly recommended by leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments.

For nursing mothers, or for those broken-down in health by too frequent bearing of children, also for the expectant mothers, to prepare the system for the coming of baby and making its advent easy and almost painless, there is no medicine quite so good as "Favorite Prescription." It can do no harm in any condition of the system. It is a most potent invigorating tonic and strengthening nervine nicely adapted to woman's delicate system by a physician of large experience in the treatment of woman's peculiar ailments.

Dr. Pierce may be consulted by letter free of charge. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

ONLY ONE.

The Record in Bellefonte is a Unique One.

If the reader has a "bad back" or any kidney ill and is looking for relief and cure, better depend on the only remedy endorsed by people you know. Doan's Kidney Pills relieve quickly—cure permanently. Bellefonte citizens testify to this. Here is a case of it:

Mrs. Emma J. Davis of E. Logan St. Bellefonte, Pa. says; I have a great deal of confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills, and have already recommended them in a published testimonial in 1897. I told how I had been relieved of kidney complaint and backache which had kept me suffering for years. Doan's Kidney Pills did this for me when other remedies had failed. Whenever I feel any symptom of my old trouble I send to F. Potts Green's drug store for a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills and it never requires more than a few doses to get me right."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no others

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—Try Admiral Coffee.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates
For sale by C M Parrish.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only:

BEST QUALITIES
—(OF)—
ANTHRACITE
—AND)—
BITUMINOUS

COALS

Also, All Kinds of
WOOD, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW
AND SAND.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builders and Plasterers' Sand.

Telephone Calls:
Central Co. - - - 131
Commercial Co. - - 682

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENCE.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EARLE C. TUTEN.

BRIEF MENTION

Short Items of Local Interest Gathered By The Way Side

—Try Admiral Coffee.

—The pension of Mathias Mayes at Snow Shoe has been increased to $15 per month.

—Quite a number of Bellefonte people attended the Schenck Re-union at Howard on Thursday.

—Raymond Jenkins, a son of Harry Jenkins, who resides on High street, fell Friday afternoon and broke his left arm.

—The Bellefonte Lumber company is putting down a good substantial concrete walk at their office and lot on Water street.

—The assessors throughout the county have been making their returns during the past few days and getting their books for next year.

—The remains of Stephen Finnegan were taken to Philadelphia Wednesday night on the 8.16 train where interment was made Thursday.

—Mary Thal, the six-year-old daughter of Andrew Thal of North Thomas st, met with a slight accident Thursday morning. While playing with a dog in some manner it threw her against a lamp post cutting a gash in her head that required six stitches.

—One day last week our genial friend J. S. McCarger met with an accident which will lay him up for some time. He slipped and fell on the pavement in front of the Centre County bank and broke a bone in his ankle. We hope he will soon be about again.

—James S. Stackpole, editor of the Lewistown Gazette, committed suicide near that place Wednesday evening by shooting himself through the heart. Fear of certain disclosures which would reduce his chances for election to a county office this fall is believed to have caused him to kill himself. He was a member of the National Guard.

—There is no disputing the fact that it takes live, public spirited men to make a live town. But all must pull and pull persistently together. There are always a few men in every town who want to prosper from the public spirit and energy of others. The fewer such "tight wads" any town has, the better it is for the town and its people.

—J. J. Carpenter aged 75 years, a farmer living at Maple Hill, Lycoming county, was instantly killed by a fall under peculiar circumstances. He was booming a load of straw on a wagon, when the long pole used in the operation broke and he was catapulated over the wagon and alighted upon his head many feet away. His neck was broken.

—Several Bellefonte capitalists have been figuring on buying the Ward House from the Wainright estate and if the deal is made, one of the finest hotels in this part of the state will be built on the site of the present building. The frame part will be torn down and a handsome five story brick will grace its place. This is no fairy tale as the news comes straight from one of the gentlemen interested in the deal.—Tyrone Herald.

—Elmer Fisher, a brakeman on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, was run over and received injuries that caused his death at Halls shortly after 12 m. Tuesday. The accident was peculiar in that no one is able to say definitely how it occurred, even the members of the train's crew being in ignorance concerning it. Fisher's body was horribly mangled and he died at the Reading station about ten minutes after the train had arrived in Williamsport. Both arms and one leg were severed.

—Some objections have been made to playing ball at the Athletic park on account of the conditions of the grounds. During the summer the field has not been used much and the weeds and grass have grown luxuriantly. This is a serious hindrance to the players and was the cause of several errors in the game on Tuesday. If arrangements are made for another game this matter should be looked after and the grounds gotten into good shape, The game was delayed at times on account of the passed balls being lost in the weeds.

—Chauncey F. York, owner and manufacturer of the Malena remedies, whose plant is located at Warriorsmark will move both his plant and home to Detroit, Mich. With this end in view he has purchased a half block of land in that city on which he will erect a model factory building. Mr. York has also purchased a palatial $50,000 residence in one of the finest residence sections of the city and another costing a trifle less which will be occupied by his son, who is manager of the plant. The establishment at Warriorsmark will be maintained as a branch.

—Rev. J. Allison Platts occupied his pulpit at both morning and evening services Sunday, after enjoying a month's summer vacation.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Poorman are rejoicing over the arrival of a bouncing baby boy who made his appearance at their home Sunday morning.

—Frost was reported from several places on Friday morning. Several persons who came from Marsh Creek state they had quite a heavy frost in that valley.

—Alvie J. Wagner of Blanchad, and Miss Effie G. Frantz, of Tyleresville, were married last Friday evening at 8 o'clock by the Rev. H. W. Laye of the Christian church, at his home in Lock Haven.

—Hugh Crider has received his new four-cylinder, sixty-horse power Oldsmobile which is a larger machine than his old one, yet a very neat one and one in which power is combined with durability.

—Quite a few of the Bellefonte sports got a peep at John L. Sullivan as he sat at a car window on the west bound train Friday morning. He was on his way from attending the old home week celebration at Renovo.

—The shipment of peaches from the Reynolds' orchard continues this week and a large force of men have been kept busy continually gathering the fruit and packing it for shipment. The crop will doubtless overrun the estimate.

—Two big reservoirs which supplied Johnstown with water have gone dry and the third, the Hinckston run reservoir, is the only hope of the entire city, Many of the homes are without water at times and new fire rules have been issued.

—Old home week which was celebrated in Renovo, last week was one of the most successful things things that has been undertaken in the railroad town for many a day, and during the week the town was visited by many thousands of people from the neighboring places.

—Over 200 men were put to work in the car repair department of the Pennsylvania roadroad shops at Hollidaysburg Thursday morning. These men had been laying off since the shops were closed in the spring. It is expected that other branches of the shops will resume soon.

—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. held on Monday evening Nelson Malott, of Buffalo, N. Y., was chosen as physical director for the coming year. Mr. Malott comes to the local organization well recommended and they have been fortunate in securing his services.

—Rev. and Mrs. Lewis Nichols and son Luther, of Lock Haven, returned to their home in that city on Thursday after a three months visit to Europe. Upon their arrival at the rectory they were surprised to find that the house had been entered by thieves and a number of articles taken away. Only the best articles in the house were taken.

—Labor day was unusually quiet in Bellefonte. Most of the business places were closed all day and some of the factories worked half the day while others put in the full day. As there was nothing doing in Bellefonte quite a few went to Howard, Beech Creek and Mill Hall where they took in the C. & C. league ball games and the picnic at the latter place.

—Rev. James B. Stein pastor of the Methodist church preached an appropriate Labor day sermon on Sunday morning. In discourse the preacher emphasized strongly the dignity of labor, not only common toil, but all legitimate means of bread winning whether mental or physical. In the evening he discussed some of the preday problems that involve the laboring man.

—Forty-five persons appeared before Justice Frank Miller, of Connellsville on Friday to answer charges of having in their possession doors of freight cars taken from the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads at Mt. Braddock. The thefts of the doors had been going on for more than a year. Some were used for coal houses, some for floors and some for kitchens. One man had a summer house constructed from fifteen doors.

—With the gathering of dark clouds Sunday afternoon and the rumbling of thunder it was thought that the long hoped for rain was about to come, but there was only a light sprinkle and hardly enough to wet the pavements. The clouds soon passed by and the indications for rain did not last long. It was hoped by all that there would be a good soaking rain to relieve the present conditions but it seems the time for the rain has not yet come.

—People living throughout the country districts report that not only the crops are suffering from the drouth but that the springs and runs are going dry. One man informed the writer that unless it rained before Monday he would be compelled to haul water from the creek, which is about a mile and a half distant, in order to supply the engine used for threshing. The spring at his house furnishes only enough water for household purposes and a run that passes near his home dried up and the fish that were in the water perished. Farmers are now afraid that wet weather will set in and cause their small crop of potatoes to rot.

—Montgomery & Co., the progressive Bellefonte clothiers, have opened a branch clothing store in State College the same to be under the management of Claude Smith.

—There will be two games of ball at Milesburg on Saturday, one in the forenoon at 10 o'clock and one in the afternoon at 2:30. Schenckville and Millheim will be the visiting teams.

—Mrs. Bessie Beaton of Houserville, was brought to the Bellefonte hospital Wednesday and after a consultation it was decided an operation was necessary, which took place the same day.

—Mrs. Gertrude Tramel wishes to extend her thanks to her friends and the public for their kindness to her during the affliction and recent death of her husband the late J. Howard Tramel.

—Mrs. T. A. Ardell announces the engagement of her daughter, Margaret Louise Brachbill, to Clarence Swarr Goodnauer, of East Petersburg, Lancaster County. The wedding will take place this fall.

—William Ryan again entertained the audience at the Electric Tuesday night and as on former occasions was a drawing card of the evening. He gives promise of an artist as a jig dancer and if given a chance will do his part with many of the stars now on the road.

—From many sections it is reported that that the chestnut trees are literally covered with burrs and there is every reason to believe that there will be a large crop this year. The only thing that may likely injure the crop is the dry weather which sometimes prevents the chestnuts from filling. Some of the weatherwise are already on deck with a prediction for a severe winter by reason of a plentiful supply of nuts for the squirrels, bears and other animals to feed upon.

—We notice that George T. Bush has taken the agency for the well known Clark's Tours which consists in delightful trips to foreign climes on palatial steamers at a moderate cost. The one for next winter is to Egypt and the Holy Land. The following winter there will take place the first Around the World as a party, visiting many of the little seen points of interest and all on one large steamer chartered for that purpose making one of the most delightful trips on record at a low cost. Mr. Bush can supply any information wanted.

Attempted to Blow up Engine.

One night last week some one attempted to blow up J. C. Auman's steam threshing outfit. Mr. Auman had left the outfit standing at the barn of Edwin Hosterman, near Wolfs Store and during the night some person who, no doubt, contemplated wholsale murder, put dynamite into the flues of the engine. Mr. Auman that morning, luckily for him and others, concluded to clean the flues before beginning to thresh and in the act of doing so, discovered the terrible explosive and removed it. He then decided to examine further and found that some acid had been put in the water tank which alone would have caused the boiler to explode. What the consequences would have been to Mr. Auman and the half-dozen threshing hands who were gathered there, it is horrible to contemplate if the explosive had not been discovered, and the fiend who placed it there with murderous intent has no doubt a heart as black as his inhuman act represents it to be.—Millheim Journal.

Maccabee Anniversary

Bellefonte Tent No. 100 Knights of the Maccabees will hold a big double celebration on the 16th of Sept., it being the second anniversary of the tent in this place and the silver anniversary of the order in the United States. It is expected to hold a fine smoker with speeches and addresses, light refreshments and a general good time will be had on that evening in their fine new hall in the McClain Block opposite the Bush house. The Tent is slowly growing and the members here have a right to be proud of their fine new hall and all their property and as a body only two years old and a membership of about one hundred and sixty. There was paid out in benefits to the sick and disabled members this last winter and spring about four hundred dollars in relief which came in very handy to some of them.

An aggressive campaign is being entered into for new members, the fine new ritual helping to raise the interest.

Child Lost in the Woods

Isabelle, the five-years-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Tackett, living near Philipsburg, became lost in the woods last Friday and it was not until late Saturday afternoon that she was found again. Though a searching party scoured the woods Saturday they failed to find the child, and it was by her own exertion that she reached home, as when found she had reached a point within sight of the house, She was terribly scratched and her clothing was badly torn. How far she had traveled the child could not tell. She said when it got dark she lay down under a tree and fell asleep. She had been without anything to eat save a few berries.

PERSONALS

Short But Newsy Personals of Those Who Come And Go.

Miss Helen Hamilton is visiting friends at Huntingdon.

Mrs. Elmer Schenck of Shingletown, was in town Thursday.

W. A. Austin of Blanchard transacted business in town Friday.

Earle C. Tuten and R. B. Holter attended the Schenck reunion at Howard Thursday.

Miss Elsie Viehdorfer, of Irwin, Pa. is visiting her sister Mrs. J. A. B. Miller on Curtin St.

Squire W. C. Thompson of Howard township was a business visitor to Bellefonte Friday.

Mrs. McGrath and her son John of Pittsburg are guests at the Bower home on Bishop street.

William G. Runkle and Clement Dale transacted business at Snow Shoe and Clarence Wednesday.

John I. Bartley, of Chicago, arrived in Bellefonte on Friday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Miss May Bryan left Friday for a visit of several weeks in Johnstown, Hollidaysburg and other places.

Mrs. S. C. Stewart of Birmingham, Penna., formerly of Tyrone Forges, is visiting Miss Mira Human.

Mrs. Annie White of Unionville, spent a few hours in Bellefonte Thursday while on her way to Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fleming of Altoona are visiting Mr. Fleming's parents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fleming.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Musser and little son, of Altoona, are visiting at the home of Wm. Musser on Lamb street.

Mrs. Myra E. McKee of Wilkinsburg, Pa., is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. Y. Stitzer for a few weeks.

George L. Murphy, who has been visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Mallory, has returned to his home in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Evans of Pittsburg, and daughter Madeline, are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Steel Hunter.

The venerable Mr. W. T. Irwin, of Unionville, was a business visitor to Bellefonte Friday and was a plesant caller at this office.

Arthur C. Dale left Thursday morning on the 9.15 train for Springfield Ohio, where he will enter Wiltenburg College as a student.

Mrs. George Kerstetter and two children who have been visiting the former's sister Mrs. Harry Yeager returned to her home at Harrisburg Thursday.

Miss May Secrist of Johnsonburg, was a visitor in Bellefonte for some time on Wednesday. She has been spending a very pleasant vacation with relatives at Millheim.

Prof. James A. Shoo left Thursday for Elk Lick, Pa., where he will assume charge of the schools at that place Mr. Shook has the best wishes of his many friends for a successful future.

Mrs. John P. Harris and Dr. Edith Schad attended the meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union which was held in the Disciple church at Blanchard Thursday and Friday of last week.

Miss Esther P. Tuten, who has been visiting her nephew Earl C. Tuten during the summer, left Thursday morning for South Framington, Mass., where she will visit for a short time prior to returning to her home in Dover, New Hampshire.

Rev. James B. Stein returned home Friday morning from Bellwood where he had been attending the convention of the Altoona district of the Methodist church. He was accompanied by Rev. B. C. Conner, of Altoona, district superintendent.

Lieutenant James Gilbert Taylor, of Company F, Seventh regiment of the United States Army, was an arrival home Wednesday evening from Chickamauga, Georgia, where he has been stationed. Lieut. Taylor is a graduate of West Point and a brother of Col. Hugh S. Taylor of this place.

Edward C. Humes Jr., of Logan, West Virginia, arrived in Bellefonte Monday morning on a visit to his mother, who has been dangerously ill, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Gilmour, on Linn Street. He is stopping with his sister, Mrs. Archibald Allison, on Allegheny street.

John Raymond of Bellefonte is spending a few days with old friends in this city. Mr. Raymond also took in the ox roast and picnic given at Farewell Saturday by the Good Will hose company of which he is a member.—Lock Haven Democrat.

T. Clayton Brown returned home Friday morning from a ten days' trip to New York, Philadelphia and Atlantic City, combining business with pleasure. While in New York City he purchased one of the best and latest improved moving picture machines in the market and the same will be installed in the Theatorium when he assumes charge of that place on the first of October.

James K. Barnhart was a visitor at the home of his sister in Howard on Saturday.

Dr. J. R. G. Allison of Centre Hall was a business visitor to Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Sara McClure departed for Lock Haven where she has entered the senior class at the Normal.

Former Jury Commissioner Frederick Robb, of Howard, was a business visitor to Bellefonte Tuesday.

Thomas Morris of Scranton returned to his home on Sunday after a visit with Mrs. F. H. Young.

Harry E. Shook, an artist in the employe of the Harris studio at Williamsport, who has been visiting at his home, returned to his work Saturday.

Francis Speer, associate editor of the Centre Democrat spent the forepart of the week in Chambersburg, where he was attending the funeral of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Steele returned home on Monday from a ten day's trip to the seashore. Mr. Steele's health was much improved by his short visit.

Mrs. E. S. Latshaw of Curreyville, who was bereft of her husband was in Bellefonte on Monday looking after some matters pertaining to her husband's estate.

H. L. Hutchinson, C. F. Montgomery, William Waddle, Maurice Kelley, Rob Irwin, Oscar Yeager and Frank Sasserman were Bellefonters who witnessed the base ball game at Howard Monday.

Harry Taylor, the local agent of the Adams Express company, accompanied by his wife, is now enjoying a pleasant visit to Atlantic City and Philadelphia. During his absence Frank Miller is filling his place here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hoffman left Tuesday afternoon for Lockport, N. Y., where they will make their future home. Mr. Hoffman owns a home in that place and decided to spend the balance of his life there. They have many friends in Bellefonte who regret to see them depart and who wish them health and happiness as they return to that place. Their household goods were shipped Tuesday.

Rival Teams Will Play Again

Bellefonte fans became quite enthusiastic when it was officially announced that Snow Shoe and Howard would play at the athletic park Thursday afternoon. Everybody including the players, was so well pleased with the last game that they concluded to give Bellefonte another exhibition of good base ball. Through a succession of victories Howard has gone above Snow Shoe in the standing in the Centre and Clinton league and is only a few points lower than Orvis, the leaders. Interest in the league was never so intense as now and every player is doing his very best.

Make your plans early to get to the game Thursday afternoon. One of the league's registered umpires will fill that important place. Then just one week from Thursday, or September 17, there will be another big game, when Howard will play the Williamsport Tri-state. Bellefonte is going to get some base ball before the season closes. Don't forget the date, and be there for sure.

Some one has again made the suggestion that it is a shame to ask these players to go on a field where the weeds have been permitted to grow during the summer while the Academy was closed. Something should be done before Thursday to get the grounds in shape for the game. Who will make the move to do it?

K. G. E. at Jersey Shore

The twenty-first annual meeting of the Susquehanna District association of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, which was held at Jersey Shore on Labor day, was a big success and drew many of the Eagles to that town. A business session was held in the forenoon and in the afternoon there was a big parade which passed over a lengthy route and was viewed by a large crowd which lined the sidewalks. Bellefonte was represented by about one hundred of the members of the Bellefonte Castle No. 307 who went to Jersey Shore over the Central railroad in the morning, and were accompanied by the Ladies Temple and the Aaronsburg band. A committee was appointed to decide the place for the next meeting and it will likely be Bellefonte or Williamsport. The president will be from the place where the next meeting is to be held.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register Earle C. Tuten

John S. Myers, Susie W. Hoffman	Philipsburg, S. "
Herbert H. Sickelco, Sara H. Lucas	Silver Creek, Howard
S. Charles Gramley, Sarah T. Confer	Rebersburg, Greenbur
D. Howard Zerby, Clara Rishel	State College, " "
Andro Petro, Lizzie Lorena	Clarence, "

—Grove City College is open four terms in the year, Fall, Winter, Spring, and Summer. Teachers and others employed for a part of the year should investigate the opportunities of getting both the Spring and Summer terms (full terms) during the coming college year. The Fall term will begin September the 23rd. Address the President, Isaac C. Ketler.

The Barber of Seville.

Concerning The John Dunsmure opera company which will present "The Barber of Seville," at the Garman opera house on Friday, Sept. 11. The Toronto Globe of recent date prints the following appreciative review:

The Dunsmure English opera company presented at the Princess theatre last night Rossini's opera comique, "The Barber of Seville," which has not been heard in this city since several years ago it was given by the Gran Opera company with a cast that included Sembrich, Ddouard de Reszke and Campanari. On rehearing the opera last night one felt sad for a moment on thinking over the lot of rubbish we have heard for the for the past ten years in the name of comic opera from American and English sources. From a musical point of view the comic operas of the old Italian and French composers have not yet been approached in merit, in spontaneity and the grace of melody, or even in suggestion of humor, so far as music is capable of suggesting humor. The Dunsmore Opera company is not a big company, but the "Barber of Seville" does not require a cast of more than seven or eight people and the organization has every one of the characters well impersonated both vocally and dramatically. Mr. John Dunsmure, who took the role of music master Basilio, proved a veritable surprise to the audience. He has a remarkably fine, sonorous, even bass voice and sings with rare finish and clearness of delivery.

Sad Death of a Boy.

That our pleasures may be quickly turned to sadness was shown by the death of John J. Russell, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Holter, of Howard. Six weeks ago on Tuesday the members of the family with others went camping at Hundred Springs, near Tyrone. While enjoying the pleasures of camp life the son was taken ill with scarlatina and later appendicitis developed. The lad was taken to the Altoona hospital where he was operated on, and a large sack of pus broke before the physicians could complete the operation. On Saturday Aug. 22 he was taken to his home in Howard, where at times he was quite cheerful and his recovery was hoped for. Wednesday night he was taken suddenly worse and his death ensued Thursday morning about 7.50 o'clock.

He was aged 8 years on May 9th last, and was a bright and intelligent boy and the pride of his parents. Besides his father and mother, one little sister Carrie survives,

The funeral was held Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, and services were conducted by Rev. W. W. Rhoads. Interment in the Schenck cemetery.

"The Good Old Days."

How times have changed! When we were young, people had bad colds, soaked their feet in hot water and got well. Now they have grip, take quinine and feel sick all over. Then they had sore throat, wrapped a piece of fat pork in an old sock, tied it around the next at night and went to work the next morning. Now they have tonsilitis, a surgical operation and two weeks in the house. Then they had stomach ache and took caster oil and recovered. Now they have appendicitis, a week in the hospital and six feet due east and west and six feet perpendicular. They worked then; they labor now. In those days they wore underclothes; now they wear lingerie. Then they went to a restaurant; now they go to a cafe. Then they broke a leg; now they fracture a limb. People went crazy then; they have a brain storm now. Politicians then paid good hard cash for support; now they send government garden seeds. Yes, times have changed and we all change with times. That's progression.

A Frank Statement.

The publishers of the Oil City Derrick hereby state and declare that the publications in the said newspaper heretofore made reflecting upon the business and moral character of Lewis Emery, Jr. were without foundation or excuse.

Lewis Emery, Jr., has not falsely branded oil or been guilty of illegal dishonest, unjust or corrupt methods or practices or violation of law; nor has he been an accomplice or participator therein. His personal, business and public principal and conduct did not warrant any of the said charges.

After investigation we state that we have and had no evidence in regard to the record of Lewis Emery, Jr. showing any other characteristics than those consistent with honesty, justice, sincerity and patriotism.

This statement is made deliberately and freely, with the intention of retracting the defamatory libels published as aforesaid and as far as possible epairing the injury thereby done.

C. E. Convention

The sixteenth annual convention of the Centre County Christian Endeavor union opened at Buffalo Run Wednesday afternoon with a delegates prayer-meeting, conducted by Miss Nannie Fisher. With the address of welcome and the response the convention was well under way and gave promise of a very uplifting gathering of these workers.